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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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NOT THE VOICE OF INDEPENDENT INDIA

Molotov On "Pressure Politics" In Paris

ALLEGES BRITAIN PULLS STRINGS

Asks Whether Indian Delegates Have Any Danubian Policy Except As 'Yes-Men'

PARIS, Oct. 14, (Reuter): An allegation that India would have been more impartial at the Paris Peace Conference, if they had been independent, was made at the Plenary Session at the Conference today by M. Vyacheslav Molotov, the Soviet Foreign Minister.

M. Molotov attacked the Conference as far as "unagreed" clauses left open by the 'Big Four' were concerned.

Asserting that the results would have been different, if some of the delegates "had been able to vote as they liked without being subjected to external pressure", M. Molotov specifically cited the case of India.

"Why should India have striven so hard to obtain a settlement of the Danube question at this conference", he asked. "What interest has India in this question?

Everyone of us will understand that if we had to deal with the vote of an Independent India, if we had to deal with the voice of a representative of genuine India, then the Indian delegation would have observed a more objective and impartial attitude in this matter.

M. Molotov added: "For the sake of adding its voice to the voice of other delegations and following in the wake of Britain the Indian delegation took an active part in the settlement of this question in no way as an impartial country and in no way as a delegation animated by the desire to seek a correct solution of this question."

M. Molotov spoke soon after Mr. Ernest Bevin, the British Foreign Secretary, had declared that the conference had "accomplished its task and accomplished it well."

RUSSIAN CHARGES

The Soviet Foreign Minister made the following charges:

(1) From the beginning to the end of the conference "a certain group of powers" had tried to impose and dictate its wishes on the other states.

(2) The system of voting had enabled powers, which had no real interest in certain questions, to overrule the states vitally concerned.

(3) Britain, the United States and France had not been consistent in their support of the earlier "Big Four" decisions.

M. Molotov,—who tonight is to meet his other three colleagues of the 'Big Four' to map out a programme for discussing the final treaty texts—said that the conference had "violated" the Foreign Ministers' agreed decisions on Trieste by adopting a "number of anti-democratic clauses."

The responsibility for these clauses rested on Britain, the United States and France "who violated the obligations they had undertaken", M. Molotov said.

His speech was made exactly 11 weeks after the Peace Conference had started and at the plenary session to complete the work on the five draft peace treaties with the European ex-satellites. The conference will wind up tomorrow.

M. Molotov also made the charge that the conference had left open the question of the future of Greco-Bulgarian frontier by rejecting the "Big Four" clause approving the existing border.

"Every objective observer will understand that this voting on the subject of Greco-Bulgarian frontier is a great political error which is not likely to serve the interests of peace and which is likely to create trouble".

He bluntly declared that in this case, voting of the conference was "incorrect" and would not be adopted by the "Big Four".

U. S. LEADS THE WAY.

One feature of the conference was the fact that even most convincing arguments failed to achieve any effect, M. Molotov continued. "The delegate of the United States voted first on all questions here.

"It was only for him to set a vote and the voting of twelve or thirteen other delegates was assured. This group tried to secure adoption of a definite decision no matter whether this division was correct or not. The same thing happened in the matter of procedure."

In his 45-minute speech which by the chairman's consent gave him the last word in the general debate of the Finnish Treaty, M Molotov declared that Russia had treated Finland "generously".

He said that the American delegation was following a strange policy with regard to Finland. "It is a policy of playing a game with Finland. It is a policy which professes to be one of concern for a small nation.

"Before the war, the same sort of game was played with Finland by reactionary circles. Such circles pursued an anti-democratic policy and entered into alliance with Hier."

SPAAK INDICTED.

Answering criticisms of the right of veto on the Security Council of the United Nations, M. Molotov said that M. Paul Henri Spaak (Belgium) made a statement yesterday against the "so-called" right of veto.

"It is not the right of veto which is involved", M Molotov said. "The question is whether we desire unanimity and co-operation among the great countries or whether we are unwilling to develop such co-operation"

M. Molotov suggested that in criticising the use of the veto M. Spaak was encouraged by someone.

The conference adjourned until afternoon.

(See Page 8).

FOUNTAIN-PENS BY TONS!

KARACHI, Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): A consignment of 100,000 fountain-pens, worth Rs. 34,00,000 has arrived in Karachi by air from America.

The consignment weighed four tons and is being dispatched by air to Bombay, Calcutta and Madras.

TRUCE AT LAST IN INDONESIA

Delegates Agree Upon Terms; Jt. Commission To Enforce Them

BATAVIA, Oct. 14, (Reuter): The British, Dutch and Indonesian military delegations have agreed upon the terms of truce to end hostilities between the Allies and the Indonesians, it was officially stated here today.

JOINT COMMISSION APPOINTED

"Further a resolution, unanimously agreed at to-day's meeting, provided for the establishment of a "High Level Joint Commission" to supervise the application of truce."

Messages were subsequently sent to local commanders directing them that the truce should come into effect as soon as it can be applied and stating that "every effort should be made to avoid hostilities".

Lord Killearn, British Special Commissioner in South-East Asia, was the Chairman at to-day's meeting.

OFFICIAL COMMUNIQUE

The official "communique" said that a meeting adopted a resolution that a truce shall be concluded on the basis of stabilizing the present military positions and the present ratio of Allied and Indonesian forces.

The figures of these forces were exchanged and accepted by all concerned, the "communique" added:

To-day's decision points to an end of the hostilities which have been continuing sporadically for over an year.

To-day's meeting, which lasted three hours, had been posponed from Friday by agreement between Lord Killearn, British Special Commissioner for South-East Asia, Prof. Schermerhorn of the Dutch Commission to the Netherlands East Indies and Dr. Sutan Shahriar, Indonesian Premier.

RATIFICATION CERTAIN

BATAVIA, Oct. 14, (U.P.A.): The decision will be submitted to the Plenary Commission of the Dutch Commission General and the Indonesian Delegation at 5-30 p.m. (Java Time) to-night for official aproval, but ratification is believed o be certain.

The Dutch escort aircraftcarrier "Karel Doorman" arrived to-dy at Tandjong Priok, a port of Batavia, the Netherlands News Agency reported.

EXIT KING FROM SCOUT OATH

ALLAHABAD, Friday: It is learnt that the national council of the Hindustan Scouts' Association has decided to drop out the word 'King' from the first clause of their oath of allegiance and retain only the words 'God' and 'country'.—"The National Herald".

STOP PRESS

EUROPEAN MAGISTRATE FLOWN TO NAOKHALI

CALCUTTA, Oct. 14 (A. P. I.): The President of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. Surendra Mohan Ghosh, contacted the Bengal Governor today. Later, a deputation of Congressmen met the Additional Secretary of the Home Department who informed the deputationists that a new European Magistrate had flown to Naokhali.

"BIG FOUR" MINISTERS TO MEET IN NEW YORK

PARIS, Oct. 14 (Reuter): The 'Big Four' Foreign Ministers tonight decided to meet again in New York on November 4 and to hold a preliminary discussion on the German question before they leave New York.

The meeting of the 'Big Four' Foreign Ministers began at 6-28 p. m. (local time) at Paris.

Tonight's 'Big Four' meeting at the French Foreign Office lasted 30 minutes.

COMMONS QUESTION ON INDIA'S FOOD POSITION

LONDON, Oct. 14 (Reuter): Answering a question about the food situation in India, Mr. Arthur Henderson, Under-Secretary of State for India told the House of Commons today. "The position during the next two or three months will be particularly critical especially in Southern India.

"The Government of India are doing everything they can to increase shipments of foodgrains to India from abroad from every possible source and the British Government will continue to assist the Government of India actively in their efforts to this end."

On China's War Front

Chiang's Troops Make Three-Pronged Drive

HONGKONG, Oct. 14 (Reuter): Tatung, a strategic Nationalist (Chinese Government) base in North Shansi, which has held out for two months against Communists, was again under fire today from Communist forces pressing down from the north and north-west.

Two small towns have already been overrun though no details of Communist offensive have been given.

While Communists were hitting back at the former focal point of the whole North China war, Government troops were making spectacular new gains in Chahar and consolidating in Manchuria, where sporadic actions threaten to flare up into a decisive battle.

Communists are said to be massing troops in Kamudze area about 200 miles north-east of Harbin.

The 'Hsin Mi Pao', Nanking evening newspaper, today spoke of "speculation of the possibility of a three-pronged Nationalist attack on Yenan, the Chinese Communist headquarters.

Sardar & "C.R." Call On Gandhiji

NEW DELHI, Oct. 14, (API): Sardar Patel and Mr. C. Rajagopalachari called on Mahatma Gandhi this morning at the Valmiki Colony.

CONGRESS SESSION PREPARATIONS

Arrangement Made For Lodging Of One Lakh Persons

(From Our Own Correspondent)

MEERUT, Oct. 14.

The different departments of the Reception Committee are seriously at work. As the time now left is very short plans are now being finalized and their execution set in. The R.C. is finding it hard to secure the requisite number of tents due to the fact that in the U.P. big rural fairs are held at many places in the month of Kartik. This coincides with the session days. The army authorities have been approached to lend their tents. In case tents are not available visitors may be accommodated in huts. It would be possible for the R.C. to arrange for the lodging of about 1 lakh of persons.

"PYARELAL NAGAR"

MEERUT, Oct. 14 (UPI): The venue of the next session of the Congress will be named as 'Pyarelal Nagar' to commemorate the services rendered to the country's cause by Mr. Pyarelal Sharma, who served as Education Minister in the last Congress Ministry.

It has been decided to organise a Khadi and Village Industries Exhibition here during the forthcoming Congress session for which a Committee has been formed including Dr. J. C. Kumarappa and the General Secretary of the Reception Committee of the Congress session.

KATJU TO LEAD INDIAN DELEGATION

World Food Conference

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Oct. 14.

The personnel of India's delegation to the World Food and Agriculture Conference has now been settled. The delegation, as already reported, will be led by the U. P. Minister, Dr. K. N. Katju, with Sir Ramamurti, lately advisor to the Governor of Madras, as his alternate delegate. Mr. Gorwala, I.C.S., (Bombay) Professors C. N. Vakil, V. K. R. V. Rao and Radhakamal Mookherjee will be advisers to the delegation. Mian Afzal Hussain, lately Vice-Chancellor, Punjab University, could not join the delegation nor did the two Muslim Leaguers who had been invited by the Government.

League Decision To-Day

Office Assumption May Be Delayed

NEW DELHI, Oct. 14 (API): Members of the Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee met at the Valmiki Mandir Colony and conferred with Mahatma Gandhi this evening following an interview which Pandit Nehru had with the Viceroy during the day. These meetings are believed to have been held to review the position arising from th League's reported decision to enter the Interim Government.

The selection of a Nationalist Muslim, the provision of a place for him in the Cabinet and the portfolios to be allotted to him and to the incoming Muslim League members are believed to be among subjects discussed at these meetings.

No other activity was noticeable in party camps during the day.

An official announcement of the League's decision is believed to be impending from the Viceroy's House. It may be made before Pandit Nehru and the Viceroy go on tour, that is to say, on Tuesday or Wednesday.

After the announcement some time may be allowed for the settlement of practical details to enable the Muslim League members to enter the Interim Government. Assumption of office by them may be delayed by a few days.

Lobby speculation on the probable names that Mr. Jinnah may eventually submit suggests that a choice lies from among the following. Mr. M. A. Khuro, Mr. Chundrigar and Mr. Abdul Matin Chowdhry.

It is expected that the correspondence exchanged on the negotiations of the last few weeks will be released tomorrow.

NO SIND BAN ON "SATYARTH PRAKASH"

KARACHI, Oct. 14 (UP): The Chief Secretary, Sind Government, said in an interview that there was no truth in the report published in a section of the Press that the Government had passed orders reimposing the ban on the publication of Chapter XIV of the "Satyarth Prakash" under the Criminal Law Amendment Act.

Mobs Raid Villages In East Bengal

Military And Armed Patrols Rushed To Naokhali District

POLICE OPEN FIRE TWICE IN AHMEDABAD SUBURB

CALCUTTA, Oct. 14, (U.P.I.): Organised lawlessness and hooliganism is going on in the outlying villages from October 10 says a message received here from Naokhali town in East Bengal. The particularly affected are the villages under Ramganj, Begumganj and Lakshmipur police stations.

ARSON, LOOT AND MURDER

Rioting mobs of thousands armed with deadly weapons are stated to be raiding village after village, looting property, setting houses on fire and often killing men and women. There are also desecration of holy places and forcible conversion.

The President of the District Board and member of the Hindu Mahasabha along with his family and several others have been killed. The way to the town and the Police station is blocked by the mob.

This report is confirmed in telegraphic messages received by prominent bankers in Calcutta, the provincial headquarters of the Bengal Hindu Mahasabha. The message to a bank adds that one of their accountants is untraced.

Several other panicky telegrams have been received in Calcutta, one of which appeals. "Move authorities for military. Move Delhi immediately. Whole district is likely to be massacred in one or two days."

Military Called Out

"The Government of Bengal had received a preliminary report of serious lawlessness in the District of Naokhali. Details of the report have been called for and are awaited. A large force of armed police has already been sent to the District and military has also been called out. The Minister of Civil Supplies, Mr. Abdul Gaffaran, is arranging to visit the District in a day or two", says a press note issued by the Bengal Government this afternoon.

SEVERAL BURNT ALIVE

Report of organised hooliganism in the district of Noakhali has reached Calcutta says a Press Note issued by the Bengal Press Advisory Committee. It adds: "Areas affected so far are reported to be over 200 square miles of the Sadar and Feni Sub-Divisions. Approaches to the affected areas are being guarded by armed hooligans.

Among the large number of people reported to have been murdered or burnt alive are the President of the District Bar with family and a prominent Zamindar of the district.

Enquiries at official sources in Calcutta reveal that military and armed police have been rushed to affected areas, which comprise of entire Ramganj, parts of Begumganj, Lakshmipur, Raipur Senbag, Feni, Chonagalnaiya and Sandip thana.

Police Open Fire Twice

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): After ten days of quiet report of clash has been received from Gomatipur, a suburb of Ahmedabad. Stones and brickbats are said to have been used in the clash. One person was hit by an arrow.

Police who rushed to the scene fired two rounds before order was restored. No one was injured by the firing.

A later message says:—

The police opened fire again in Gomatipur this afternoon, when a crowd set fire to a police van. Nine rounds were fired, but no one was injured.

The crowd had also set fire to a house.

One person sustained a sickle-attack injury this afternoon.

48-Hour Curfew In Dacca

DACCA, Oct. 14 (API): One woman was killed and two persons received serious injuries in today's incidents in Dacca city upto 5 p.m.

Two of the incidents occurred in the eastern part of the city.

A doctor, who was seriously injured in an incident yesterday, expired today, bringing the total number of deaths so far to 112.

Following an incident this morning, 48-hours curfew has been imposed on the Goalnagar area beginning from 2 p.m. today. It will be recalled that a 72-hour curfew was imposed on the same area on Friday last it was only lifted at 10 a.m. today.

The fire brigade attended three cases of arson today and two cases last night.

The police opened fire last evening in the Victoria Park area to disperse a mob there but no casualty was reported.

A jute godown was set fire to in a village in Narainganj sub-division on Saturday night, causing considerable damage.

Huge Fire And Three Stabbing Cases In City

BOMBAY, Monday: A Press Note issued by the Director of Information, Bombay, late at night says:

"A second stabbing incident and a huge fire, the cause of which is not known were reported in the latter part of the day. The Pydhoni area was the scene of the fire in which six godowns containing a variety of goods including some potatoes, were gutted before the fire was brought under control. The exact of damage is not known.

An earlier press note said.—

BOMBAY, Oct. 14 (API): One case of stabbing in the Agripada area and one case of looting in the Pydhownie section have been reported since this morning, says a press note issued by the Director of Information, Bombay.

On enquiry at the Police Headquarters this afternoon, it was learned that one more stabbing incident occurred today, the area being Dadar.

(See Page 7)

LATEST COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK COTTON.
(MARCH).
NEW YORK, Oct. 14.

Previous Closing	38.09
Today's Opening	37.99
Difference	—4
Today's Closing	38.05
Difference	+2

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE.
CALCUTTA, Oct. 14.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange today ruled steady round all sections after the Puja holidays.

League Out To Reduce Nehru Govt.'s Status?

Wants Cabinet To Function As Executive Councillors

NEW DELHI, October 14. (U.P.I.): Enquiries made by the United Press of India in connection with Mr. Jinnah's letter to the Viceroy yesterday conveying Muslim League's acceptance of the five seats in the Interim Government reveal that certain conditions had been enjoined and an assurance demanded from the Viceroy in respect of issues relating to the League interests.

It is learnt that the League President made it clear to Lord Wavell that there should be no leadership of the Interim Government and that the members would have the status of the Executive Councillors as hitherto and not that of Ministers.

It is further understood that the League President demanded that there should be no joint responsibility of the members.

SIAM TO RETURN FOUR PROVINCES TO FRENCH

BANGKOK, Oct. 14. (Reuter): The Siamese Government yesterday decided to return the four disputed provinces to France.

It was disclosed that the French proposals are fourfold:

(1) Siam will declare null and void the Tokyo Treaty of 1941 which gave the provinces to Siam.

(2) Friendly relations to be re-established and France agrees not to use veto against Siam's request for membership of the United Nations and to the contrary will support the same.

(3) A Conciliation Commission to be set up consisting of two members of each party and three neutral members which will consider the border question in reographical, historical, ethnological and economic perspectives.

The Siamese United Nations delegate Mr. Suchitra reported first to the Foreign Minister, who later reported to the full Cabinet in yesterday's closed session during which the decision was taken.

The disputed provinces are Cochin-China, Laos, Cambodia and Viet Nam.

PARLIAMENT ADJOURNS.

The Siamese Parliament Session adjourned after a heated debate and will resume again to-morrow morning when a decision is expected on Government recommendations of the border question.

Turkish Barley For Madras

MADRAS, Oct. 14, (API): S. S. "Empire Tyne," carrying 5,000 tons of barley from Turkey, arrived today in Madras port. The whole consignment is intended for Madras Province.

The "Tower Hill" and the "Clang Cumming" arrived yesterday, the former with 9,600 tons of South American maize and the latter with 5,000 tons of wheat flour from the United States.

Madras Rice Shortage To Be Repaired

MADRAS, (API): Sir S. V. Ramamurti, Chief Secretary, Government of Madras, at a Press interview today expressed the hope that by January 1947, with the harvest of the main crop, the rice shortage, which the province is facing at present, would be repaired.

Ghaffar Khan's Parallel

PESHAWAR, Oct. 14. (A.P.I.): Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan addressing a public meeting near Charsadda last night said: "I do not want to mislead you. There is only a superficial change in the Englishman as his heart is just the same old one. But if at all he has changed, he has become a Muslim Leaguer because like other Muslim Leaguers the Englishmen also feel decline of their power."

JOINING THE FUEHRER

NUREMBERG, Oct. 14, (Reuter): To-day all the occupants of the death cells were asked if they believed that Hitler was dead. All said "Yes".

Streicher Declared: "I think Hitler had gone so far that suicide was preferable to life".

PILES Cured

Pilon—the latest discovery of a famous firm of London pharmacists, stops bleeding piles in two days only.

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

FIXED PRICES OF PERFUMED COCOANUT HAIR OIL ORDER RE-ISSUED.

ORDER.

Civil Supplies Department,

Bombay Castle, 14th June 1946.

No. 54 (3)/IV-A—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and of all other powers enabling it in this behalf and in supersession of Government Order in the late Finance Department (Supply), No. 54 (3)/IV-A, dated the 29th November 1944, the Government of Bombay is pleased to order.

(1) that, perfumed cocoanut hair oil shall not be sold at any place within the limits of the City of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District at prices higher than those specified below, namely:—

Rs. 2-1-0 per 16 oz. NET (including the cost of the container) for sales of over 4 oz. in containers.

Re. 0-14-0 per 4 oz. NET (including the cost of the container) for sales of 4 oz. and less in containers.

Re. 1-0-0 per lb. (naked) for all sales.

EXPLANATION:—The prices of perfumed cocoanut hair oil in bottles or containers of sizes other than 16 oz. and 4 oz, shall be calculated PRO RATA as under, namely:—

SIZE.	RATE.
Over 4 oz. At Rs. 2-1-0 per 16 oz. NET (including the cost of the container).	
Less than 4 oz.	At Re. 0-14-0 per 4 oz. NET (including the cost of the container).

(2) that the dealers in the said article shall not withhold it from sale to any person on demand and on offer of such prices;

(3) that such dealers shall display and keep displayed a copy of this order in a conspicuous position in their shops and places of business in which the said article is kept for sale; and

(4) that such dealers shall, on demand, issue to the purchasers a cash or other memorandum relating to the sale of the said article giving full and correct particulars of (i) the quantity sold and (ii) the price at which it is sold.

EXPLANATION 2:—For the purposes of this Order, the "Bombay Suburban District" means the Bombay Suburban District as constituted immediately before the 1st day of October 1945.

With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules, the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that notice of the above Order should be given by—(a) publication of the same in the Bombay Government Gazette; (b) issue of a Press Note explaining its provisions; (c) publication of the same in the following newspapers, namely:—(1) The Times of India, Bombay; (2) Bombay Chronicle, Bombay; (3) Free Press Journal, Bombay; (4) Morning Standard, Bombay; (5) Navakal, Bombay; (6) Navashakti, Bombay; (7) Janmabhumi, Bombay; (8) Vatan, Bombay; (9) Mumbai Samachar, Bombay; (10) Jam-e-Jamshed, Bombay; (11) Iqbal, Bombay; (12) Inquilab, Bombay; (13) Vishwamitra, Bombay; (d) affixing copies thereof to the notice boards in the Revenue Offices in the Bombay Suburban District, and announcing by beat of drum in the villages of the said District that copies of the Order have been so affixed; and (e) supplying copies of the same to the following associations, namely:—(1) The Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay; (2) The Bombay Kariana Merchants' Association, Bombay; (3) The Bombay Cocoanut Oil Association, Bombay.

By order of the Governor of Bombay,

A. D. GORWALA,
Secretary to Government.
(164)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR

(DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF RESETTLEMENT AND EMPLOYMENT)

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from candidates for a post of Lady Receptionist in the Directorate-General of Resettlement and Employment (Labour Department). The post is temporary. The candidate selected will draw pay in the following scale 'plus' a special pay of Rs. 40 per mensem in addition to the Dearness and Other Allowances admissible under the rules:

(a) If in continuous Government Service prior to 15-7-1931, Rs. 200-15-500.

(b) If in permanent Government service from a date later than 15-7-1931, Rs. 140-10-400.

(c) If not in permanent Government Service, Rs. 100-10-200.

Applicants must be prepared to come for interview at their own expense. Applications stating age, academic qualifications and experience should reach the undersigned not later than the 25th October, 1946.

H. C. MAHINDROO,
Directorate General of Resettlement & Employment,
(Labour Department), Gurdwara Road, NEW DELHI.
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NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalization as a British subject under British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalization may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: DR. WILLY ASCHKANASY.

Present Nationality: Stateless, formerly German.

Full Address: Gulshan Villa, Oomer Park, Warden Road, Bombay. 161

PUBLIC NOTICES

CONTROLLED PRICE OF COCOANUT OIL.

ORDER.

Civil Supplies Department,

Bombay Castle, 21st June 1946.

No. 54/IV-A—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and of all other powers enabling it in this behalf, the Government of Bombay is pleased to amend Government Order in the late Finance Department (Supply) No. 54/IV-A, dated the 30th October 1945, as follows, namely:—

In the said Order, for the existing Explanation the following Explanation shall be substituted, namely:—

"EXPLANATION—For the purposes of this Order (a) the 'Bombay Suburban District' means the Bombay Suburban District as constituted immediately before the 1st day of October 1945, and (b) 'cocoanut oil' means cocoanut oil imported from Ceylon or produced from copra imported from Ceylon".

With reference to sub-rule (1) of rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules, the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that notice of the above Order should be given by:—(a) publication of the same in the Bombay Government Gazette; (b) publication of the same in the following newspapers, namely:—(1) The Times of India, Bombay. (2) Bombay Chronicle, Bombay. (3) Free Press Journal, Bombay. (4) Morning Standard, Bombay. (5) Nava Kal, Bombay. (6) Nava Shakti, Bombay. (7) Janmabhumi, Bombay. (8) Vatan, Bombay. (9) Mumbai Samachar, Bombay. (10) Jam-e-Jamshed, Bombay. (11) Iqbal, Bombay. (12) Inquilab, Bombay. (13) Vishwamitra, Bombay. (c) issue of a Press Note explaining its provisions; (d) affixing copies thereof to the notice boards in the Revenue Offices in the Bombay Suburban District, and announcing by beat of drum in the villages of the said District and in the 47 villages of the Thana taluka of the Thana District specified in Schedule 'A' to Government Notification in the Revenue Department No. 9823/33-iii, dated the 24th September 1945, that copies of the Order have been so affixed; and (e) supplying copies of the same to the following associations, namely:—(1) The Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay. (2) The Bombay Kariana Merchants' Association, Bombay. (3) The Bombay Cocoanut Oil Association, Bombay.

By order of the Governor of Bombay.

A. D. GORWALA,
Secretary to Government.
(165)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from members of all communities for the following posts. Women are eligible. The candidates selected will be on probation for one year.

(1) One Librarian on a pay of Rs. 200-15-350—trained Librarian preferably with a Science degree and experienced in library work; (2) Two Translators on Rs. 140-10-310-EB-15-400—one in Hindustani and one in Bengali—graduates capable of translating popular scientific articles in simple chaste language; (3) Two Statistical Computors on Rs. 100-5-200—graduates with knowledge of Statistical computation and use of calculating machines; (4) One Assistant Librarian on Rs. 75-5-125—Science graduate with Librarianship Diploma; (5) One Head Artist on Rs. 125-15/2-200—(a) experienced in photography, accurate freehand drawings of Scientific Specimens and conversant with the use of microscope, camera lucida, etc., (b) knowledge of lithography, and Micro-photography, (6) One Photo-artist on Rs. 100-5-150—same as (5) (a); (7) One Modeller on Rs. 75-5-125—able to prepare accurate models in clay, plaster of Paris and papiermache; (8) One Technical Assistant on Rs. 75-5-125—Science graduate with experience of biological laboratory work; (9) One Ethnological Assistant on Rs. 75-5-125—graduate with knowledge of preservation of ethnographical specimens; (10) Two Field Assistants on Rs. 75-5-125—men of active habits with experience of work in scientific Field Surveys; (11) Two Laboratory Assistants on Rs. 75-5-125—one graduate in Anthropology and one in Psychology and Physiology; (12) One Gallery Assistant for Ethnographical Gallery on Rs. 50-5/2-75; (13) One Accountant on Rs. 80-5-110-10-130—must be conversant with the Fundamental and other Rules and be able to maintain Government Accounts; (14) Two Stenographers on Rs. 75-5-125—speed 100 and 40 in shorthand and typewriting respectively and good knowledge of English; (15) One Publication Clerk and Proof Reader on Rs. 75-5-125—graduate with knowledge of proof reading; (16) One Registration Clerk; One Store Clerk; One Despatcher on Rs. 40-5-80—matriculates preferably with previous experience; (17) One Painter Markman on Rs. 30-2-50—able to transcribe labels neatly on Specimens etc.; (18) Two Compositors—on Rs. 20-2-50—able to operate treadle printing machines; (19) One Carpenter on Rs. 25-1-30.

All posts carry usual dearness allowance prescribed by the Government of India, but the scales of pay are subject to the revision by the Pay Commission. No travelling expenses will be paid. Applications stating age and qualifications etc., should reach the Director, Anthropological Survey of India, 64, Cantonment, Benares Cantt., not later than the 31st October, 1946.

(155)

PUBLIC NOTICES

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS.

THE DISTRICT CONTROLLER, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 23-10-46 for the supply of milk at the Railway Milk shops at Poona, Sivajinagar, Lonavla, Dehu Road and Talegaon from 1-11-46. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above Office. (147)

G.I.P. RAILWAY TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for Printing, Binding and supplying the G.I.P. Railway Coaching Tariff Part I A. Form obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money order or cash only. Closing date Monday the 11th November, 1946, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) 146

AUCTION SALES

OFFICE OF THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER,

Bangalore City, dated 9-10-1946.

AUCTION SALE NOTIFICATION.

THE AUCTION SALE of valuable Bungalow and Cottage sites in the proposed Kalasipalyam layout to the west of Sri Jayachamarajendra Road will be resumed from 30-10-1946 and continued on subsequent days. The auction sale will be conducted at 9-30 a. m. each day.

Plans of the area showing the details of the sites and copies of conditions of sale are available for sale in the Engineer's Office at 1-0-0 and 0-4-0 respectively.

(Sd.) SAFI DARASHAH,
Municipal Commissioner.
(113)

AUCTION SALE

Under kind instructions from the Regional Disposal Commissioner Southern Circle, Bombay, the undersigned will offer for sale by Public Auction at the place & date & Time mentioned below:—

PLACE, TIME & DATE:

At the premises of the Ammunition Factory, Kirkee on Wednesday, the 16th Oct. 46 at 9 A.M. to 1 P.M.

Felt scrap, Doosootee, Jars tone, Drums of sorts, Office furniture, Boxes, Iron & steel scrap, gilding metal, coated steel, scrap grade I Trimming Paint Pigment Dry yellow ochre, Corniposition asbestos hard selling salva sodium Nitrate, 1000.

Place, Time & Date:—At M. T. Stores Sub Depot (near Ammunition Factory) on Wednesday 16th Oct. 46 from 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.

About 641 M. T. Parts too numerous to mention.

CONDITION OF SALE:—Twenty-Five per cent of Deposit on the fall of hammer & Balance to be paid within Seven Days. Deliveries to be completed within 21 days. All terms & conditions of sale will be announced prior to commencement of Auction.

Further details can be had from the Auctioneer
Telegram "TIMBER"
Telephone 722.
M/s. NUSSERWANJI SORABJI & CO.,
94, Main Street, POONA.

SOME POPULAR TEXT BOOKS

For Indian Universities.

CO-ORDINATE GEOMETRY By Dr. H. D. Bagchi, M.A., P.R.S., Ph. D., Lecturer in Pure Mathematics, Calcutta University and Prof. B. N. Mukherjee, M.A., P.R.S., Scottish Church College, Calcutta, for B.Sc Pass. Rs. 6/-

HIGHER TRIGONOMETRY for B.A., B.Sc, Pass & Hons.

INTEGRAL CALCULUS for B.A., B.Sc., Pass

INTERMEDIATE TRIGONOMETRY for I.A., I.Sc.

INTERMEDIATE DYNAMICS for I.A., I.Sc.

By Prof. B. C. Das, M.A., Presidency College, Calcutta, Lecturer in Applied Mathematics, Calcutta University and Prof. B. N. Mukherjee, M.A., P.R.S., Scottish Church College, Calcutta,

U. N. DHUR & SONS LTD.,
15, Bankim Chatterjee St.,
CALCUTTA.

Dear Sirs,—I am 56 years of age, and from the age of 50 to 55 I suffered acute pain from rheumatism, being compelled during much of the period to stay in bed. A friend of mine recommended Yeast-Vite tablets to me one day, so I sent for a small bottle of them, and after taking them for 25 days I was up and about just as if I had never suffered from anything in my life.

Thanking you again. I recommend these wonderful tablets to all those poor sufferers who go through what I have gone through.

(Signed) L. D.

EVERYBODY can take Irving's Yeast-Vite with advantage. The benefit in Nervous and Digestive Troubles, Rheumatism and Constipation, is QUICK, SURE, and LASTING! You yourself cannot do better than try a bottle of this famous Lightning Tonic to-day. Irving's YEAST-VITE is obtainable from all stores.

"Yeast-Vite" is the registered Trade Mark of Irving's Yeast-Vite Ltd., Wexford, England.

IRVING'S YEAST-VITE

Cathwright

Wanted Govt. Protection To Indian Traders Abroad

Overseas Merchants' Memorandum To Commerce Member

BOMBAY, Monday.

Submitting a memorandum to Mr. C. H. Bhabha, Commerce Member of the Government of India, on behalf of th Africa and Overseas Merchants' Chamber, Mr. Dawood Hajee Nasser, President of the Chamber, observed that Indian traders abroad were only too willing to introduce India's manufactures to overseas markets provided a little encouragement was forthcoming from the Government.

Requesting the Government to send trade missions to East Africa and the Middle East the memorandum said that the Indian importers and exporters held vast interests in the countries which contributed not a little to the permanency of their monetary connections there.

Pleading the Government to relax the existing export controls, the memorandum observed, "A less stringent export policy like that operating for imports is absolutely necessary to maintain and stimulate healthy competition and the expanding of our export trade in a manner as would help to retain also the markets we have captured during the last war."

The memorandum further requested the Government to revise the profits fixed by the Export Price Control Regulations and fix a net margin of 10 per cent for the exporters.

Replying Mr. Bhabha said that it would be unwise of him to make any commitments, but he would certainly take into account the interest of the Indian exporters and importers while framing trade policy.

MANUFACTURERS' PLEA TO BHABHA

Suggestions for organising India's trade in such a way as to ensure orderly development of Indian industries were put forward by Sir Chunilal B. Mehta on behalf of the All-India Manufacturers' Association, Bombay, before the Commerce Member, Mr. C. H. Bhabha, to-day.

Sir Chunilal referred to the difficulty in getting tools from abroad and pleaded for the abolition of the licensing system which involved delay in confirming orders. In regard to export of manufactured goods, he drew the attention of Mr. Bhabha to the restrictions on despatch of certain samples abroad and urged Government to give exporters facilities to contact foreign buyers.

He also urged that the proposals for a state-guaranteed export scheme to foster export trade and for publication of a comprehensive guide giving details about Government's orders affecting trade and industry might be examined by Government.

The Commerce Member, who was accompanied by Mr. Y. N. Sukthankar, Secretary, Commerce Department assured the Association that its legitimate demands would be met by Government.

U. S. Superfortresses To Fly Around World In Autumn

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14, (A.P.A.): The United States army's detailed plan to send a fleet of superfortresses around the troubled globe this autumn will be laid before the State Department within ten days, according to war department officials.

A knotty problem will be posed for the makers of American foreign policy but a final answer is expected to come from President Truman and the Secretary of State, Mr. James F. Byrnes. The proposal will be forwarded to Mr. Byrnes in Paris if he is still there.

State Department officials appear to be concerned about the possibility of overdoing the "firmness" policy towards Russia insofar as making a show of American strength is involved.

It seems certain the Department would not favour any route which would take planes over the Dardanelle, where their presence might be interpreted as a crude, even threatening, demonstration of the striking power of the United States air arm.

It appears that officials would prefer to have the stress placed on technical aspects, such as problems of fuelling, speed, weather etc., and political implications minimised.

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WHITE METALS (Antifriction) Nos. 6 to 90.
GUN METAL (for casting purposes purest quality).
PHOSPHOR BRONZE No 200 and No. 500.
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ALUMINIUM BRONZE.
MANGANESE BRONZE.
BELL METAL and READYCAST BELLS.
BRASS INGOTS.
NICKEL SILVER ALLOY.
TIN SOLDER 7 Grades.
BRAZING SOLDER 3 Grades.
SILVER SOLDER 2 Grades.
ALUMINIUM SILICON ALLOYS.

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ON SUPPLY DEPT., ARMY & RAILWAY LISTS.

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BOMBAY-JAMNAGAR..... Rs. 152/- Return.
BOMBAY-PORBANDAR.... Rs. 171/- ,,
BOMBAY-BHUJ..... Rs. 190/- ,,

HEAVY DEMAND PLEASE BOOK YOUR SEATS EARLY

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA, LTD.

SCINDIA HOUSE, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

Phone: Office 21919, Juhu 26236, Booking Agents 25744
Telegrams: AIRTAXIES.

THIS IS ONLY AN ANNOUNCEMENT AND NOT A PROSPECTUS

Copies of the Prospectus with Memorandum of Association can be inspected at the office of Messrs. Parry & Co., Ltd., First Line Beach, Madras.

A copy of the Prospectus has been filed with: (1) The Registrar of Joint Stock Companies in Mysore, Bangalore; (2) The Registrar of Joint Stock Companies in C and M. Station, Bangalore; (3) The Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Madras; as required under Sec. 277 A (1) a. (i and ii) of the Indian Companies Act.

THE SHARE LIST WILL OPEN ON 18TH OCT., 1946 AND CLOSE ON 2ND NOV., 1946.

"Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue of capital by an order of which a complete copy is open to public inspection at the Registered Office of the Company subject to the conditions that so much of the capital as cannot, in that Government's judgment be properly expended until some uncertain future date, is invested and kept invested in prescribed securities which will not be realised until the Central Government (in consultation with the Crown Representative if any State-interest is involved) is satisfied that the time has come to make corresponding payments for purposes which are consistent with the enforcement of any measure of control or restriction that may be in operation at the time when such release is applied for."

"Consent of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore has been obtained to this issue of capital by an order a complete copy of which is open to public inspection at the Registered Office of the Company."

"It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent, the Government of India and the Government of Mysore do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them."

KIRLOSKAR ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the Mysore Companies Act XVIII of 1938)

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... Rs. 50,00,000
PRESENT ISSUE ..... Rs. 25,00,000

Divided into 1,00,000 "A" Shares of Rs. 10/- each and 40,000 "B" Shares of Rs. 100/- each of which 50,000 "A" Shares of Rs. 10/- each and 20,000 "B" Shares of Rs. 100/- each are issued at present making up an issued capital of Rs. 25,00,000/- for the present issue.

The Share Capital is payable as follows:—

"A" SHARES:

Rs. 5 per share on application on "A" Shares and Rs. 5 per share on allotment of "A" Shares.

"B" SHARES:

Rs. 25 per share on application of "B" Shares, and Rs. 25/- per share on allotment of "B" Shares, and the balance of Rs. 50 per share after allotment as and when required in calls of Rs. 25 each at intervals of not less than three months.

Out of the present issue, the Brush Electrical Engineering Co., Ltd. the Managing Agents and their respective friends and the Directors have agreed to take shares as specified hereunder:—

The Brush Electrical Engineering Co., Ltd., 20,000 "A" Shares of Rs. 10/- each.

Messrs. Kirloskar Sons & Co., 10,000 "A" Shares of Rs. 10/- each.

The Directors of Kirloskar Electric Co., Ltd., and their friends 5,000 "A" Shares of Rs. 10/- each and 500 "B" Shares of Rs. 100/- each

In addition to the above, the Directors will reserve 10,000 "A" Shares for allotment to Messrs. Kirloskar Brothers, Ltd., under the "Renouncing Agreement" referred to below.

The remaining 5,000 "A" Shares and 19,500 "B" Shares are now offered for public subscription and the whole issue has been underwritten by Messrs. R. R. Nabar & Co., Share & Stock Brokers, 31 Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

DIRECTORS:

(1) C. R. SRINIVASAN, Esq., (Chairman of the Board of Directors), "Sun View", Lloyds Road, Royapettah, Madras. Director, Reserve Bank of India, Managing Director, The "Swadesamitran, Ltd."

(2) F. A. VAUGHAN, Esq., Warden House, Sir Phirozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay. Director, British Oil Engines (Export) Ltd., London, Director Kirloskar Oil Engines, Ltd., Poona.

(3) MUSHIR-UL-MULK J. MOHAMED IMAM, Jagalur, (Dist. Chitaldrug) Mysore State. Ex-Minister for Public Works, Mysore State, Director, The Mysore Spun Silk Mills, Ltd.

(4) H. J. WONFOR, Esq., First Line Beach, P.O. Box No. 12, Madras. Director, Parry & Co., Ltd., Madras.

(5) Rao Bahadur DHARMAPRAKASHA DEVARAO SHIVARAM, United India Building, Bangalore City, (Mysore State), Director, The Mysore Airmec, Ltd.

(6) S. V. KIRLOSKAR, Esq., (Special Director). Kirloskarvadi, (Dist. Satara). Chairman, Shivaji Works, Ltd., Tikekarwadi.

(7) N. W. GURJAR, Esq., (Ex-Officio Director). Kirloskarvadi, (Dist. Satara). Director, The Mysore Kirloskar, Ltd., Harihar, (Mysore State).

BANKERS

(1) THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.,
District Board Building,
Kempegowda Road,
Bangalore City.

(2) THE BANK OF MYSORE, LTD., P. Box No. 37, Bangalore City.

MANAGING AGENTS:—
Messrs. KIRLOSKAR SONS & CO., Kirloskarvadi (Aundh State), Dist. Satara.

AUDITORS:
Messrs. B. K. RAMADHYANI & CO., Registered Accountants, 34, 3rd Cross Road, Basavangudi, Bangalore City.

LEGAL ADVISERS:
Messrs. MANILAL KHER AMBALAL & CO., Solicitors and Notaries Public, Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Bombay.

B. SHANKAR RAO, Esqr., B.A., LL.B., Advocate, 8, Edward Road, Bangalore Cantt.

UNDERWRITERS:
Messrs. R. R. NABAR & CO. Share & Stock Brokers, 31, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

REGISTERED OFFICE:
23, Sri Narasimharaja Road.
BANGALORE CITY.

OBJECTS:

The Company has been formed for the purposes mentioned in the Memorandum of Association, and particularly to undertake the manufacture of Electrical Machinery in India.

FACTORY:

It is proposed to locate the Factory required for the purpose in Bangalore City in the new Industrial Suburb and negotiations are in progress for acquiring the lands required for the purpose.

SCOPE FOR THE PRODUCTS:

The Company which has the experience and goodwill of Messrs. Kirloskar Brothers, Ltd., Kirloskarvadi, at its back, would not be a newcomer into this field. It may be recalled that the Kirloskar Motors manufactured at Kirloskarvadi are already popular in the market.

The time has now come when the manufacture of these motors and other electrical machinery should be undertaken on proper scale and on approved modern lines. With this aim in view, the Company has secured the co-operation of the Brush Electrical Engineering Co., Ltd., Falcon Works, Loughborough, England.

Through the agreement with the above British concern, the Company would be in a position to obtain from them the available licences, designs, patterns, jigs, fixtures and other technical data of any of their models which the Company would propose to manufacture in addition to such other facilities as the training of the Company's engineers at their factories, leading the services of their experts at remuneration to be mutually agreed and furnishing available technical information as may be required from time to time by the Company in their undertaking.

The Company proposes to manufacture Electric Motors upto 100 H.P. to start with and also desires to manufacture Transformers, Switches, etc.

The sale of the Electrical Machinery manufactured by the Company will be in the hands of Messrs. Parry & Co., Ltd., who will act as sole distributors to carry on the business through their own sales offices and dealers appointed at all the important towns and centres in this country.

CONTRACT WITH THE MANAGING AGENTS:

The first Managing Agents of the Company shall be Messrs. Kirloskar Sons & Co., Kirloskarvadi, Dist. Satara. The first appointment will be for a period of ten years from the date of incorporation of the Company, on the following remuneration:

(a) An Office Allowance of Rs. 1,500 (Rupees one thousand five hundred per month payable at the end of every month for all their office expenses including the salary of the staff.

(b) Besides the Office Allowance as stated in sub-clause (a), the Company shall pay to the Managing Agents a Commission calculated at the rate of 15% (fifteen per cent) on the net profits made by the Company in any year or any shorter period for which the accounts are made up and placed before the General Meeting. The Managing Agency Agreement has been approved by a special resolution in the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 3rd August, 1946.

The said remuneration shall be exclusive of and shall not include all expenses incurred in connection with the establishment, maintenance, management and upkeep of the Company's offices or any remuneration or wages which shall be payable to lawyers, solicitors, bankers, engineers, experts, commission agents, dealers, muccadams and other officers or employees of the Company or for carrying on and conducting the business of the said Company or any expenses of a like nature all of which shall be borne and paid by the said Company alone.

DIRECTORS' QUALIFICATION:

The qualification of a Director other than the Special Director or Ex-Officio Director or Debenture Director or an Alternate Director is the holding of shares in the capital of the Company to a nominal value of at least Rs. 5,000/-.

MINIMUM SUBSCRIPTION

The minimum subscription on which the Directors may proceed to allotment of Shares is the Shares of a nominal value of Rs. 10,00,000/-

UNDER-WRITING COMMISSION & BROKERAGE

Messrs. R. R. Nabar & Co., have underwritten the present issue for a commission of 2%. The Directors are of opinion that the resources of the Under-writers are sufficient to discharge this obligation.

Brokerage at the rate of one per cent shall be paid and borne by the Company to Bankers and Recognised Brokers (including Under-writers) and Authorised Agents on Allotments made in respect of applications bearing stamp of such Bankers and Brokers.

APPLICATION FOR SHARES.

Application for Shares should be made on the form accompanying the Prospectus and sent to the Registered Office of the Company at 23, Sri Narasimharaja Road, Bangalore City, together with a remittance of the amount payable on application.

APPLICATIONS ONLY FOR "A" SHARES WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED

DOCUMENTS:

Copies of the Mysore Companies Act, Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and the agreements or drafts of the agreements entered into or proposed to be entered into and the orders for machinery referred to can be inspected at any time during usual business hours at the Registered Office of the Company at Sri Narasimharaja Road, Bangalore City.

The Company was registered on the 26th day of July, 1946.

Copies of the Prospectus and forms of application for shares may be obtained from the Registered Office of the Company or from the Underwriters, Messrs. R. R. Nabar & Co., 31, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

All correspondence should be addressed to: Messrs. KIRLOSKAR ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED, 23, SRI NARASIMHARAJA ROAD, BANGALORE CITY.

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BRITISH INDUSTRY *proves* claims of Oravac

Actual tests in Great Britain's largest factories where the Oravac treatment was reserved for war workers, show that nine out of every ten cases treated with Oravac, colds were prevented. This striking achievement was due to the modern method of immunisation which aims at preventing disease by building up resistance. Oravac stimulates the system to produce protective substances. By this means germs are destroyed *before* infection can get a hold. You, too, can prevent colds and their dangerous complications by taking a course of

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Oravac
ANTI-COLD TREATMENT
FOR COLDS & COMPLICATIONS

Treatment is simplicity itself. Three teaspoonsful in water once a week for ten weeks. No troublesome inoculations. Write for leaflet.

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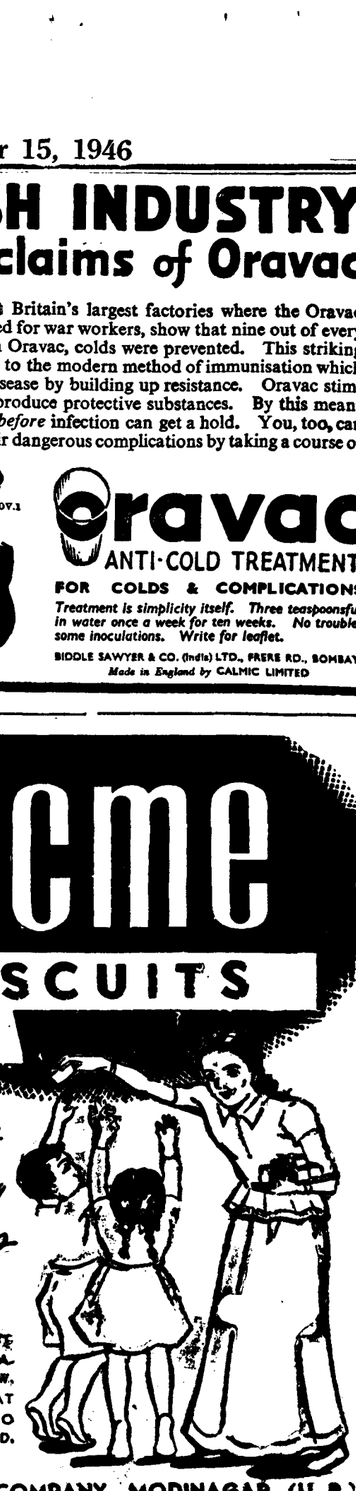

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THE FINEST BISCUITS EVER MADE IN INDIA. FREE FROM TALLOW, EGGS, ANIMAL FAT AND STILL EQUAL TO THE BEST IMPORTED.

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INDIAN HANDLOOM
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A FIRST CLASS INDIAN ENTERPRISE TO MANUFACTURE TEXTILE MACHINERY

WANTED RESPECTABLE SHARE-SEELING AGENTS.

HEAD OFFICE:—A3, CLIVE BLDGS., CLIVE ST., CALCUTTA.
Phone: CAL. 1817. Cal. Gram: "INTISH"

FOR SALE

ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER PLANT

comprising:—

Two (2) x 750 K.W. British-Thomson Houston Turbo-Alternators, Back pressure type.

Three (3) x 750 K.W. British-Thomson Houston Turbo-Alternators, Extraction type.

all generating at 440 Volts 3-phase 50 cycles.

Ten (10) Babcock & Wilcox Boilers, each boiler:—

1,645 sq. ft. Heating Surface
1,200 sq. ft. Superheater Surface and integral with boiler
120 sq. ft. Grate Area
20,000 lbs. per hour evaporation
250 lb. per sq. inch Working Pressure

fitted with Chain Grate Stokers, Economisers and Superheaters.

One (1) "Mirrlees" De-aerator of 160,000 lbs. per hour capacity, and capable of heating feed water to 200°F delivering to Feed Pumps.

Switchboards, Transformers, Boiler Feed Pumps, etc.
For sale as they lie on site at Taikoo Sugar Refinery, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong.

Tenders for purchase will close on 30th November, 1946.

Full Details and Specifications are available on application to:—

SHAW WALLACE & CO.,
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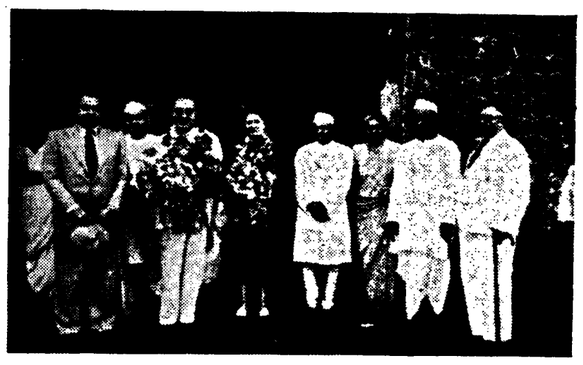
Distributors: S. O'NEIL & Co., Ltd., Dadina Buildings, Masjid Bunder Road, Corner Zaveri Bazar, BOMBAY 2.



PEGGING ACT OPPONENT IN INDIA

Mrs. Margaret Ballinger, member of the South African Parliament and the opponent of the Pegging Act arrived in Bombay on Saturday evening with Mr. William Ballinger and they were given a reception by the B.P.C.C. and Sir B. Rama Rau their host. Picture shows Mr. and Mrs. Ballinger, Sir B. and Lady Rama Rau and Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C.

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Asoe Vad 5, 2002.
Muslim: Zilkad 19, 1365.
Parsi: Ardibehest 12, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-32 a.m. Sunset: 6-16 p.m.
Hightide: 02-48, 14-36.
Lowtide: 08-40, 20-44.

To-day's Engagements

DELEGATES' MEETING: Meeting of the newly elected delegates of the Provincial Students' Congress, to the A. I. S. C. Conference will be held at 4-30 p.m., today in B. P. S. C. Office (42, Kennedy Bridge).

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CYCLING ASSOCIATION.

The Bombay Provincial Cycling Association which has been formed to control, promote and organise Cycling and has been recognised and accepted as the controlling body for cycling in the Province of Bombay by the Bombay Provincial Olympic Association will hold its first Annual General Meeting on Sunday, the 27th October, 1946, at the Alexandra Girls' English Institution, Fort, Bombay.

34TH ALL-INDIA MEDICAL LICENTIATES' CONFERENCE.

The 34th All-India Medical Licentiates' Conference will be held in Poona from 18th to 21st October, in the Sir Parshurambhau College, (Poona) under the presidentship of R. B. Dr. M. L. Kapur. Mr. B. G. Kher, the Prime Minister of Bombay will inaugurate the Conference on Saturday, the 19th, at 2 p.m. The medical and Scientific Exhibition in connection with the Conference will be opened by Mr. M. L. Dahanukar, on the same day.

TODAY ON RADIO

TUESDAY, Oct. 15.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Keep Fit 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Gajanan Karnad (Violin) 8-45 Mukhtar Begam (Lahore) (Thumri) 9-0 Ram Marathe 12-0 Bar Ne Takore (G).

12-45 p.m. News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Mixed Melodies 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 4-20 V. D. Ambhaikar 4-40 B. N. Kshirsagar 5-0 Gajanan Karnad (Violin) 5-15 Roshanara Begam 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 "Dasi" 6-30 Mukhtar Begam (Dadra) 7-0 B. N. Kshirsagar 7-15 Gajanan Karnad (Violin) 7-30 Ram Marathe 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 "Tuteu Jigar" Gujarati play by Dorab Mehta 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Radio Forum 10-0 Continental Trio 10-35 Orch. De La Societe Des Concerts Du Conservatoire.

ON FRIDAY 18th
Morning at 9-30
PRITHVI THEATRES'
SHAKUNTALA NATAK
on Sat. 19th and Sun. 20th
Morning at 9-30
DEEWAR
Plans open : Rates as usual
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

PURCHASE OF B.E.S.T. SERVICES

S. K. Patil's Resolution Ruled Out Of Order

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. S. K. Patil's resolution asking the Corporation, "inter alia", to purchase the electric bus and tram services of the B.E.S.T. Co., Ltd., was ruled out of order today by the Corporation on a point of order raised by Mr. P. A. Gole before the debate on the resolution was resumed. The Mayor, M. I. Kawjee, presided.

Mr. P. A. Gole contended that according to the rules and regulations of the Bombay Municipal Act, Mr. Patil was not entitled to move the resolution.

Supporting Mr. Gole, Mr. M. N. Talpade read out the relevant section of the Act which debars councillors from voting or taking part in discussing a matter in which they are directly or indirectly interested.

Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha, opposing the point of order raised by Mr. Gole, pointed out that whereas Mr. Patil was disqualified from taking part in the resolution under one section of the Act, he was definitely qualified to do so under another section of the Municipal Act which lays down that despite a councillor's having some interest in a joint stock concern he shall not be deemed to have such interest when acting on behalf of the Corporation and the Commissioner.

Mr. S. K. Patil moved that in order to avoid any complications in the future the resolution be declared out of order.

The resolution will be moved by some other councillor.

SOLICITUDE FOR DOMESTIC SERVANTS

Earlier the Corporation on an amendment moved by Mr. B. A. Dalal decided to refer to the Law Revenue and General Purposes Committee the resolution of by Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha recommending to the Government of Bombay the incorporation of Legislation regulating conditions of domestic servants in their plan to regulate labour conditions generally.

Moving the resolution Mr. Bharucha described in pathetic terms the conditions under which domestic servants had to work. Overwork and meagre reward, he said, arrested the growth and distorted the features of an overwhelming number of them. Children were taxed with the work of adults and females were employed as domestic drudges. Their case and that of young persons needed special attention.

Mr. Bharucha sought the prescription of minimum age at which servants should be employed in the household and also minimum wage for part-time and whole-time domestic servants. With regard to the hours of work, he said, that if the limit were laid at 10 it would be regarded as a great improvement.

Concluding Mr. Bharucha remarked that the Congress Government by initiating legislation in this direction would take an unprecedented step in social reform.

Mr. Bharucha was not however, oblivious of the interests of employers and said that while taking into consideration the interests of domestic servants the reasonable convenience of households employing such labour should be also borne in mind.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

FORECAST TILL WEDNESDAY MORNING:—Isolated light thundershowers may occur in the Bombay Karnatak, South Mawal and the Deccan.

OUTLOOK FOR FURTHER 2 DAYS:—No appreciable change in weather is expected.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY

Military Diploma Results

PASSED WITH DISTINCTION (in order of merit): D'Souza, T. G. Patwardhan, A. G. Airan, H. L.

PASSED: Gharpure, V. N. Weir, R. A. Punjabi, L. K. Deshpande, V. G. Datar, S. V. Rege, D. R. Chitnis, V. G. Wad, P. M. Menzies, R. R. D'Souza, H.

INDIAN RAW COTTON.

The Government of India have decided to allow the Export of a limited quantity of Indian Raw Cotton stapling 11/16" and less inches purchased by His Majesty's Government, Board of Trade, U. K. The exporters concerned are, therefore, requested to submit their applications to the Export Trade Controller, in the prescribed forms with the evidence of contracts entered into with His Majesty's Government, Board of Trade in U. K.

INDORE CONGRESS CHIEF SUSPENDED

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, Oct. 14: Mr. Kanahiyalal Khabiwala, President of Provincial Congress Committee for Ajmer-Central India and Rajputana and member of A.I.C.C. has been suspended from four anna membership of Congress for certain acts of gross indiscipline. Indore Congress which took this decision has also recommended to A.I.C.C. for taking suitable disciplinary action against him.

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-THE FAMOUS CLOTH WITH THE 'SHEEP MARK'

ALL cloth made by the Bangalore Mills bears this well-known "Sheep Mark"—your guarantee of quality, durability and good value. During the past six years we have been working night and day in the interests of India's war effort, and you have had to go short of supplies. But now "Sheep Mark" Suitings, Shirtings and other materials are available once more, offering you:—

QUALITY "Sheep Mark" Cotton Fabrics are made from the finest raw materials woven with unusual skill and care, and specially designed for India's climates.

DURABILITY They give long, hard wear, and are not easily damaged even by the roughest dhobi.

VALUE The quality and durability of "Sheep Mark" Fabrics go hand in hand with the policy of reasonable prices. Any cloth bearing this mark is guaranteed to be first-class value for money.

"CELLA" SHIRTINGS & LONGCLOTH • GOLD STANDARD SHIRTINGS TUSSORES • "SUMDA" SUITINGS

WAR RECORD

During the war the Bangalore Mills supplied the following quantities of cotton goods to Government:—

Cotton Parachute Cordage	108, 142	lbs.
Khaki Drill	20, 149, 000	yards
Olive Green Shirting	28, 747, 534	"
Parachute Cloth for supply dropping	10, 300, 000	"
Airmen's Shirting and other Cloths	12, 045, 439	"

This explains why you have had to go without!

Made by
THE BANGALORE MILLS
THE
BANGALORE WOOLLEN COTTON & SILK MILLS CO. LTD.
BANGALORE CITY
AGENTS, SECRETARIES & TREASURERS:
BINNY & CO. (MADRAS) LTD.

"SHEEP MARK - FOR CLOTH WORTH WEARING

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SWADESHI BIMA NAGAR, AGRA.

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Wanted Organisers, Chief Agents and agents on liberal terms to push the sale of this unique policy Apply to:—

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General Manager.

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V. I. R. Cables
(all types)
"NICCITE"
Insulated Cables
Flexibles
etc., etc.

NICCO Rubber Insulated Cables carry with them the promise of realising the dream of India's electrical expansion. They embody so many advanced features that are to stay them for ever in the front-line of electrical progress. Thorough protection is provided by perfect insulation while uniformly dependable performance is assured under the worst tropical conditions. Finished by highly qualified engineers working with the most modern plants, these cables truly live up to the great NICCO tradition.

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Five-Year Plan To Secure Uniform Deal For Labour

Jagjivan Ram's Recommendation At Delhi Conference

NEW DELHI, Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): It is proposed to institute an enquiry into the earnings of agricultural labourers, said Mr. Jagjivan Ram, Labour Member, addressing a conference of Provincial Labour Ministers which opened here this morning.

LET MAJOR LEGISLATION BE CENTRAL

He mentioned that among suggestions placed before the Conference was one that all major legislation should be Central and that the Provinces should pay special attention to the organisation of adequate administrative and inspection services to secure a proper enforcement of labour legislation, a sphere of activity which, he said, had not received sufficient attention in the past.

Mr. Jagjivan Ram recommended a five-year programme to secure uniformity in matters relating to labour laws, administration and standards. He suggested, for consideration at the Conference, the institution of a Ministers' Conference which would meet regularly once a year or oftener to formulate policy and periodically review its execution.

IMMEDIATE TASKS

Our immediate tasks, he said, will relate to the promotion of fair wage agreements, standardisation of wages, rationalisation of the rates of dearness allowances, organisation of industrial training and apprenticeship schemes with a view to improving the productive and earning capacity of workers, regulation and improvement of working conditions in factories, mines, transport services and shops, elimination of contract labour, provision of medical and monetary relief to workers during sickness and the provision of housing.

FOR AGRICULTURAL LABOUR

Referring to agricultural labour, he reminded the Conference that workers in industries numbered only a few millions compared with the large masses of people who earned their living in agricultural occupations. "The conditions under which they have to work are such as cannot be controlled and regulated effectively by the State. But they may, however, require a measure of protection in regard to wages. It is proposed, accordingly, to institute an enquiry into the earnings of agricultural labourers. Some preparatory work has already been done in this connection.

NEED FOR CO-OPERATION BETWEEN CENTRE & PROVINCES

Whatever be the details of programme that we may as a result of the deliberations at this Conference, eventually evolve, there can be little hope of fully implementing it unless there is the fullest measure of co-operation between the Central and Provincial Governments.

Compared with the vastness and complexity of the problems facing us, our secretariat and administrative services are exiguous and unless we have a clear division of work, we may well be wasting our energies, a great many of us working on the same job or set of problems. We can achieve far more if we each have an allotted field to work upon.

NEED FOR UNIFORMITY

Most labour matters are in the concurrent field of legislation. While both the Centre and the Provinces can legislate, administration is the sole responsibility of the Provinces. In view of this and of the demand for the maximum measure of uniformity in labour laws and standards, a suggestion has been placed for your consideration that, as far as possible, all major legislation should be Central and that the Provinces should pay special attention to the organisation of adequate administrative and inspection services to secure a proper enforcement of labour legislation, a sphere of activity which, for one reason or another, has not received sufficient attention in the past and without which no real improvement in working conditions can be brought about.

PLEA FOR MINISTERS' CONFERENCE

On the question of uniformity of labour legislation and administration, he said: "What we should now do is to evolve suitable machinery for formulating policy and periodically reviewing the extent to which it is being implemented from time to time Policy must be to some extent flexible so that it can be modified to meet new situations and circumstances that may arise. These things can be done only at the Ministerial level. It is because of this necessity that we have suggested for your consideration the institution of a Ministers' Conference meeting regularly once a year or oftener, as you may decide".

"The advent of the Interim Government, he went on, "has naturally given rise to hopes that both Central and Provincial Governments will now pull together and do something real and effective to make the life and labour of the working man a little more bright and cheerful. It is to take counsel together and chalk out an effective programme of work in this direction that we have met here this morning".

AIDING WORKERS TO BE INDEPENDENT

Nehru Says Strikes Will Become Unnecessary

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru inaugurating the Labour Ministers' Conference today emphasised the need for devising methods to help workers to stand on their own feet.

Pandit Nehru, who spoke in Hindustani, said that the Labour problem was one of the most important facing the country today. There was urgent need to work out a plan to suit the people of India, for if provinces followed different policies the result would be to create difficulties.

Referring to the recent strikes, Pandit Nehru said that strikes might become unnecessary in some future time when the differences between the employer and the employed disappeared, but at the moment what was needed was to devise methods which would ameliorate the working and living conditions of workers. Such help should be aimed at assisting the workers to stand on their own feet.

After the Chairman's opening speech, the Conference took up discussion of a new Bill intended to regulate industrial relations. The Bill, which is to be placed before the Central Legislature, aims at setting up works committees in industrial establishments to smoothen the day today difficulties. It also aims to create machinery of conciliation, inquiry and adjudication which Government proposes to initiate in the case of all utility services and other industries and services which may under the provisions of the new Bill be declared utility services.

LABOUR MAJORITY IN AUSTRALIAN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MELBOURNE, Oct. 14, (Reuter): The Labour Government's majority in the new Australian House of representatives will be 16 compared with 24 in the last Parliament.

Voting for the new Parliament was on September 28 and counting of votes is now completed with the exception of the Capricornia Division of Queensland, which, it is now certain, will go to Lt.-Col. C. W. Davidson, Country Party, on distribution of second preferences Mr. F. M. Forde, Minister for Army and Acting Minister for Defence will thus lose his seat.

The State of the new Parliament will be Senate: Labour 33, Liberal 2, Country Party 1.

The House of Representatives Labour 45 (including one Independent Labour and one Lang Labour Party), Liberals 17 and Country Party 12.

Official Labour lost 7 seats and Independent Labour gained one.

Liberals gained three, lost one and the Country Party gained two.

RANGOON PASSENGER TRAIN DERAILED

Several Persons Injured

RANGOON, Oct. 14, (A. P. I.): Several people were injured when a passenger train returning from Mandalay jumped off the rails near Pegu, 50 miles from Rangoon, at midnight on Saturday.

The accident is believed to have been caused by sabotage as railway authorities found two pairs of rails missing.

Serious floods, reported between Rangoon, and Mandalay, are interrupting rail communication. Normal train services have been suspended for a week.

AERIAL "AUTOBAHN" PLAN

WELLINGTON, (Reuter).

A four-lane aerial highway linking New York and Washington is to be put the Soonderabai Hall, when Mrs. Margaret Ballinger, Member of the Union Parliament of South Africa and Mr. William Ballinger will speak on "Indians in South Africa and their Satyagraha Movement".

Sir Chimanlal H. Setalvad, President of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association, will preside.

M.C.C. DRAWS WITH W. AUSTRALIA

Hammond Surpasses Bradman's Record

PERTH, Oct. 14, (Reuter): The match between the M.C.C. and West Australia was drawn.

Walter Hammond's name is on all Australian lips tonight following an almost faultless 2us against West Australia which is the 36th double-century of his illustrious career, writes Norman Preston, "Reuter's" special correspondent. Hammond's 36th double-century in first class cricket equalled Bradman's record. Hammond realised that for the prestige of his team and for the sake of instilling confidence into Englishmen in case some might be affected by the severe Australian criticisms of their cricket at Northam, Freemantle and Perth, it was essential that the M.C.C. score should not fall behind the Western Australia total.

Therefore, I believe, he made up his mind to stay there until the M.C.C. passed them.

"If Hammond can treat a state match this way what will he do when the tests arrive?" Australians are thinking tonight.

To carry out his plans, Hammond needed full support from over half the batting side and full praise must be given to Norman Yardley and Peter Smith for helping with stands of 71 and 149 respectively.

I was told today that West Australia is so improved that it is now better than South Australia — without Bradman and Queensland.

Their bowling was as good as many of the English county sides. Pucker's fast medium, swung the ball awkwardly into the batsmen, and O'dwyer, left arm slow, turned the ball a foot or more.

But Hammond, whether playing back or advancing quickly down the wicket, always had plenty of time to make his strokes. He was content at first to wear down the bowling and he hit only two fours in the first hundred but later his driving, particularly to the off, and square-cutting became dazzling in perfection and power, and claimed 17 fours when finally he was bowled while making a reckless stroke. His long innings was a test of endurance for a man of 43, but Hammond showed no signs of tiredness and late in the day took an excellent slip catch.

Those people in all parts of the world who are following the fortunes of the M.C.C. team so eagerly, can feel confident that the team is being welded into a first rate combination by a master cricketer.

The Scores were:—

WEST AUSTRALIA (1st Innings)	366
M.C.C. (1st Innings):	
Washbrook c. Arras b. Cumming	17
Gibb l.b.w. Puckett	20
Ikin (run out)	66
Hardstaff l.b.w. O'Dwyer	52
Edrich c. Watt b. O'Dwyer	10
Yardley b. Puckett	38
Hammond b. Puckett	208
Smith l.b.w. Cumming	46
Evans l.b.w. Puckett	7
Voce b. Puckett	5
Wright (not out)	0
Extras	8
Total (for 10 wickets)	477

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 411; 8 for 450; 9 for 470 and 10 for 477.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:- Cumming 35/5/108/2, Puckett 27.5/2/126/5, O'Dwyer 29/1/149/2, Herbert 17/2/60/0, Arras 6/0/21/0, Langdon 2/0/14/0.

WEST AUSTRALIA: (Second Innings)

Rigg c. Hammond b. Edrich	6
Edwards (not out)	24
Langdon (not out)	15
Extras	3
Total 1 wicket for 48 runs.	

FALL OF WICKETS: One for 16.—BOWLING ANALYSIS: Edrich 4/0/14/1, Voce 3/2/5/0, Ikin 2/0/7/0, Wright 2/0/11/0, Hardstaff 1/0/8/0.

Hammond In Divorce Suit

LEEDS, Oct. 14, (Reuter): Walter Hammond, Captain of the M.C.C. cricket team now touring Australia, is respondent in a divorce petition presented by his wife Mrs. Dorothy Hammond to be heard at Leeds Assizes.

Mrs Hammond is the daughter of a Yorkshire manufacturer. The petition is undefended.

SPIN TO GET CLOTH RATION!

MADRAS, Oct. 12, (APA): Though it involved some element of coercion everyone in the community should be asked to spin, otherwise he or she would not be entitled to cloth rations. This suggestion was put forth by Professor N. G. Ranga, president of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, when he addressed a meeting of the Andhra District Congress Committee in Mahajana Sabha Hall here tonight.

Defending Premier Prakasam's policy, Ranga said he was confident "very soon other Provinces would line up" with Madras.

Mr. G. Ramachandra, another Congress Leader, addressing the conference said he was sure that 80 to 90 per cent of Tamil Nad population would plump for the Khadi programme. He added the time for testing the "bona fides of Congressmen had come. Khaddar was no more a pleasant sideline activity It had come to occupy the central stage of Gandhiji's rural socialistic state."

COMMITTEE FOR SALES TAX REVISION

In view of the criticisms and suggestions made by the various trade associations and the general public regarding the provisions of the Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1946, the Government of Bombay has decided to appoint the following Committee to make recommendations for its revision:

Mr. D. R. Gadgil, Director, Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics (Chairman); Mr Mahomed Hussein Hasham Premji, President, Indian Merchants' Chamber and Mr. Shantilal H. Shah, Member Legislative Council.

Mr. P. S. Nadkarni, Special Officer (Reconstruction Finance), will act as Secretary to the Committee.

The terms of reference to the Committee are: (1) to consider whether the scheme of sales tax, adopted in the Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1946 and the Rules thereunder, requires modification and (ii) if so, to indicate the lines of modification.

Azad Hind Bank Director Visits Amreli

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, Oct. 13: Addressing a mass meeting at Amreli the other day Mr. Manilal Doshi, Director of the Azad Hind Bank, exhorted the Ruling Chiefs in Kathiawar to move with the times in generous recognition of the stream of tendency. With the inauguration of the Interim National Government at New Delhi the states peoples would no longer tamely acquiesce the excessive centralization authority still persisting in backward states.

Rampant Discrimination Against Indians

Anglo-Iranian Oil Co. Enforces Invidious And Humiliating Distinctions Between Its Indian, Iranian And European Employees

BY M. GOPAL

There are about 2,300 Indians employed in the oil refinery at Abadan. Of these about 1,500 are artisans and the remainder, mostly clerks and a few professional men. The artisans are placed under class III and get a start of Rs. 190 per mensem, while the clerks are placed under class II and get a minimum of Rs. 210/- a month. Among the II class those who get Rs. 500/- and above a month are called Senior Staff and those below Junior Staff. The Iranians are broadly classified into class A, those getting Rials 5000/- and above (about Rs. 500/-) and Class B, those getting below this. Still further down the scale, there are many classes and sub-classes for various types of work, down to the ordinary unskilled labourer who gets Ria. 35/- (about Rs. 3/8/-) a day. Every Britisher is placed under Class A, with a minimum start of £540/- per annum (about Rs. 600/- a month). The administrative grade, however, starts with £1,200/- per annum.

From the foregoing it will be seen that the pay of the Indian—who is a qualified person—is much lower compared with that of the Briton and the Iranian. Further, while an increase in basic pay, as well as Rial allowance has been granted to the Britons and Iranians, from 1st June 1946, only an increase in Rial allowance has been granted to class II Indians. The principle of equal pay for equal work does not hold, among the different nationals.

HUMILIATING DISTINCTIONS

The question of status may not seem important from a distance, but it is all important on the spot when it is realised that it makes a lot of difference with regard to food and cloth rations and humiliates the thinking Indian where smoking and W. C. restrictions are concerned. For example, in the main chemical laboratory, all British and Iranian graduates may smoke, as they are placed under Class A, but the Indian graduate cannot smoke as he is classed as Junior Staff. The Indians are everywhere praised for their efficiency, but such praise sounds hollow when it is realised that only one among them who has completed 30 years of service, has been promoted to Class A. The rest, whatever their service and efficiency, started as clerks and have to remain clerks throughout their service.

Accommodation is perhaps the most disgraceful part of the whole business. You go to Braim where the Britishers live and find snug cottages with beautiful lawns and paved pathways. You forget that you are in Abadan. You go to Bawardi, where the majority of the residents are Iranians. It is not so good as Braim, but nowhere near so bad as Park Area where the Indians live. Park Area' is a misnomer, for there is nothing of the park, where the people live. You suspect that they are barracks, for you cannot easily distinguish one room from another. Then the barren view, the crowded rooms, the smoke and fumes from the refinery nearby, the open gutters and the smell, complete the picture. Now let us go and see our artisan brothers. If they were not there, you would surely mistake their hovels for cattle sheds. As for married accommodation, even those who have completed ten years service are unable to get it.

In the matter of transport, the position is fast improving, and it is hoped that when additional vehicles are available, necessary facilities will be provided for our artisan brothers as well. However, one discriminatory practice which owes its end to the Tudeh Party (People's Party) is worth mentioning. In spite of the shortage of buses, service buses were divided into Senior and Junior Staff buses. In practice, this meant that Europeans could travel by any bus, and also a large number of Iranians, but very few Indians could use the Senior bus, as the vast majority of them are classed as Junior. When the Tudeh Party came into existence, some Iranian students broke this restriction, and thereafter the Company has been wise enough to abolish this silly distinction.

BRITISH BOSSES FOR INDIAN CLUBS

The Company Clubs are the only places for social activities. The Hindustan Club at Bamashir for artisans and the Indian Club at Park Area for other Indians are presided over by Britishers nominated by the Company, while the Iranian and British Clubs have their own elected Presidents. The British and Iranian clubs have their own cinema, whilst there are none in the Indian clubs.

Discrimination is shown even in the hospital. Since all Europeans and many of the qualified Iranians come under Class A, they get better attention and more facilities, whereas their Indian counterpart is confined to some inferior ward and gets only proportionate attention. I hope there is no discrimination shown in the matter of medicines, as between the various classes of patients.

In a nutshell, the policy of the Company is to discriminate against the Indians and divide them from the Iranians and among themselves, wherever possible. Some Indian artisans who organised a union and sought to have close relations with the Iranian workers' organisation (Tudeh Party), were spirited away to India, dubbed as Communists and Russian agents. The division of junior and senior among the Indians themselves serves only the purpose of breeding unhealthy differences. The policy of recruiting the relatives and nominees of Senior employees, along with the 'firing of undesirables', has saved the Company from trouble so far. But times are changing fast and the Company would be well advised to give the Indians the same pay, status, accommodation and other facilities as the Iranians, with opportunities for both to go up to the British standard, depending upon ability and efficiency. It must be acknowledged, in conclusion, that whatever facilities the Indians enjoy now, are mostly the result of the efforts of the Iranians.

Air Service For Mecca Pilgrims

KARACHI, Oct. 14, (A. P. I.): The air service for pilgrimage from India to Mecca and Medina was inaugurated today and the first batch of 18 pilgrims left Karachi by Douglas Dakota for Jedah accompanied by Mr. A. B. Ashar, Deputy Financial Adviser to the Government of India, specially deputed by the Commonwealth Department to look after the arrangements on the plane. The journey to the Holy Land is thus reduced to two days as against one week by surface transport.

Azerbaijan Leaders Meet Iran's Shah

TEHERAN, Oct. 14, (Reuter): Gen. Shabestar, President of the Azerbaijan Provincial Council, and Dr. Salamullah Djavid, Governor of the Province, visited the Shah of Persia before leaving the capital, Teheran radio reported today. They declared that far from wishing to promote separation from Persia, the people of Azerbaijan were doing all they could to obtain reforms for the whole country.

Traffic Hold-Up In Sydney

SYDNEY, Oct. 14, (APA): All trams and Government-operated buses in Sydney and Newcastle were today halted by a one-day strike, and tens of thousands of workers walked to their jobs.

About 7,500 tram and bus employees called a 24-hour midnight-to-midnight walk-out as a protest against what their union called "Government indifference" to the men's demands for new uniforms and cleaning, superannuation benefits and improved rolling stock.

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Many people find that sustained effort is unduly fatiguing, that they quickly become tired and weak, lacking the energy to carry on. This condition arises when the food we eat fails to supply the *right kind* of nourishment we need to build up the reserves which keep us going.

Horlicks is recommended by doctors in such cases because it contains nutritive elements often deficient in ordinary food. Horlicks contains body-building and energy foods in correct proportions to rebuild the body reserves. Start taking Horlicks at once and get rid of that depressing feeling of tiredness which is holding you back.

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Nimbkar Attacks Communists

Their Allegiance To Moscow Only, He Says At London Reception

LONDON, October 14. (Reuter): Mr. R. S. Nimbkar of the All India Trade Union Congress, speaking at a reception in Swaraj House, London, last night violently criticised the Indian Communists.

"They have allegiance only to Moscow" he said. "They are a double-dealing lot".

The reception was held to meet Mr. Nimbkar and Mr. R. S. Ruikar, member of the Legislative Assembly of the Central Provinces and vice-President of the Forward Bloc and Mirza Ahmed Beg, member of Subhas Bose's Azad Hind "Government" in Europe, who has been recently released from internment in the British Zone.

Mirza Beg, who was greeted with shouts of "Jai Hind", said that he went from Java to Holland as a Muslim missionary and there met Netaji Bose. He added: "I have only one mission, to return to India to fight for my country's complete freedom. I do not believe in the present hotch-potch freedom. If Netaji is alive and returns to India, all its communalists and time-serving politicians will vanish. There is not a single soul in India to defy Netaji".

Mr. Ruikar said that he was not over-optimistic regarding India's complete independence, even if Mr. Jinnah compromised all the way. "We shall have to fight for the complete overthrow of the British Government in India", he said. "It may not be quite a non-violent fight. We may have to follow the example of Irish revolutionaries".

TRAIN BOUND FOR TRIESTE FIRED ON

TRIESTE, Oct. 13 (Reuter): A train bringing about 800 Trieste football supporters back home from Udine—where the Trieste team today played a Rome team—was fired on near Sagrado, about 25 miles west of Trieste to-night.

The firing was stated to have come from a sub-machine gun. Handgrenades were also thrown at the train in which two passengers were slightly injured.

Reds Capture Greek Village

TYRNAVO, Greece Oct. 14, (A.P.A.): A Greek army headquarters spokesman said last night that a "Communist band" had occupied the village of Milogusta, about 12 miles north of here, while other army and gendarmerie reports said small bands were raiding villages south and west of Larissa, the second army corps headquarters.

Mine detecting units and guards were provided for convoy of civilian lorries and cars leaving here during the day for Elasson.

Vehicles held up here for 24 hours on army orders including the U.S. consulate car carrying members of the consular staff en route to Salonica and a jeep-load of American correspondents.

The army took over the road after mines had blasted seven lorries and a car between here and Elasson during the past two days.

At Larissa, the Commanding-General said the mine-laying was part of a widespread Communist plot to cut northern Greece off from the Athens Government.

Sir Manubhai Mehta Passes Away

BOMBAY, October 14: Sir Manubhai Mehta, Ex-Dewan of Baroda and Bikaner and foreign and political adviser to Gwalior, who was ailing for the last 3 months expired this morning at 8-45 A. M., at his residence in Carmichael Road, Bombay.

The funeral procession left at 1 P. M.

Sir Manubhai Nandshankar Mehta, son of late Rao Bahadur Nandshankar Tuljashankar was born on July 22, 1868.

He graduated from the Elphinstone College with honours in History and Political Economy with great distinction.

He was for eight years Professor of Logic and Philosophy and Law Lecturer in the Baroda College. Later he was Private Secretary to the Maharaja Gaekwar.

He attended the Round Table Conference in 1930-31, 1931 and 1932 and was also on the Consultative Committee of the Viceroy in India in 1932.

He is the author of a Gujarati Historical Novel "Karan Ghelo" which has run through many editions, and his three volumes on Principles of Law of Evidence in Gujarati are also wellknown.

BARODA'S HOMAGE.

BARODA, Oct. 14, (A. P. I.): All Government offices and educational institutions in Baroda will remain closed tomorrow, October 15, as a mark of respect to the memory of Sir Manubhai Mehta.

Sir Manubhai was a Professor in the Baroda College when it was started and rose to the Dewanship of the State which post he held for nearly ten years.

ANTI-CORRUPTION ARREST

BOMBAY, Monday.

A. Lobo, a Goan youth residing at Byculla was apprehended by the Anti-Corruption Branch of the Bombay C.I.D. for attempting to encash a cheque on the Lloyds Bank, alleged to have been received on behalf of a public servant for hushing up certain enquiries.

The arrest of Lobo is a sequel to a series of sensational events. During the week-end an officer of the Byculla Police raided the residence of an ex-army man on suspicion of unlawful possession of a sword. The raid, however, disclosed that the sword was held under a valid license, but the Officer found several nips of foreign liquor on the premises and his suspicions were roused that there was trafficking in liquor going on at the place.

In the enquiries that followed, it transpired that a constable named Mahdu Dhaji Tawde, who was assisting the Officer suggested to the ex-army man that the matter could be hushed up if a sum of Rs. 150 was paid to him. The constable, thereupon took his quarry to the Cricket Club of India in order to enable him to raise a loan from a friend to be paid as bribe. As the visit did not bring success, he was asked to explore other avenues.

This gave the Policeman's prey an opportunity to turn the tables against his persecutor. He gave a post-dated cheque drawn in the name of Lobo who was a 'panch' and subsequently got in touch with Deputy Commissioner Kamte. A trap was laid and the cheque recovered from a relative of Lobo who presented it at the Bank. Lobo was arrested at Byculla while eagerly awaiting for his relative to return.

The constable has been suspended pending the disposal of the charge against him.

SHOPS CLOSED IN PROTEST

The Bombay C.I.D. arrested Mansingh Gora-Gandhi and Pushpasen his brother under the amended City Police Act on Saturday. As a protest all shops in the 'C' Ward remained closed to-day.

ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF ATTACKING TEMPLE

In connection with the attack by a mob of about 200 persons on a temple situated in Ghorapdeo on September 3, Munawar Hussein Ahmed was arrested yesterday by the Byculla Police and produced before Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, when he was ordered to be released on bail.

The accused since the day of the attack had been detained in the hospital, for treatment for injuries he had sustained due to police opening fire at the unruly mob.

He was released from the hospital, yesterday, when he was placed under arrest.

LONG STANDING FEUD ENDS IN MURDER

BOMBAY, Monday.

The story of how a long standing feud between two Mangalorians is alleged to have culminated in a cold-blooded murder on Sunday at a Hotel at Vithalbhai Patel Road, was revealed at Girgaum Police Court this morning.

It was said that the deceased came to Bombay to collect money for rebuilding a temple at Mangalore on September 21 and was putting up at the Welcome Hindu Hotel at Vithalbhai Patel Road. The accused Vithal Kunjappa Shetty hailing also from Mangalore came to see the deceased on Sunday morning. It is stated that a brother of the accused was arrested in connection with the murder of the elder brother of the deceased some ten years ago at Mangalore. Vithal Shetty, it is alleged, harboured a grudge for a long time and on last Sunday, he decided to settle accounts.

When other companions left the room, it is stated Vithal made an attack on the deceased inflicting serious stab wounds on him.

A neighbour saw the incident and raised a hue and cry. But by the time, people could come to catch the accused he ran away, leaving the deceased in precarious condition. The deceased later expired at the J. J. Hospital.

Shetty, was later arrested near the Portuguese Church, Girgaum. He was remanded into Police custody till 26th October.

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Indian patriots who had been burning incense at the altar of unity suddenly received a rude, outrageous shock at Lord Curzon's historic impolicy of partitioning Bengal. But contrary to the aspirations of his impetuous lordship, the Partition proved a great boon to the cause of Indian unity inasmuch as the mighty convulsion of protest raised not only shook every inch of Bengal but sent its commotion into each and every corner of India. The dynamic leadership of the Anti-partition Movement, which was so ably conducted through press and platform by a galaxy of geniuses including Surendranath, Bepin Chandra and Gokhale, to name only a few of them, at last succeeded in undoing Curzon's misdeed. The unexampled and unbending unity with which India stood was crowned with signal glory. One salutary effect of the great agitation was the development of a sense of humiliation inherent in the use of foreign goods, and this supplied the spur to certain maiden ventures in industry that were made later on. The dappled dawn of a large-scale industrial consciousness was yet to be ushered in.

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Oct. 14, (API): The following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperature and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from June 1 and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m. today.

Ahmednagar 93 71 0.2 19.7 plus 0.2, Allahabad 95 75 0 35.1 minus 2.3, Amraoti 97 69 0 39.0 plus 9.6, Bangalore 82 65 0 25.2 plus 3.0, Baroda 100 68 0 40.1 —, Belgaum 86 67 0 51.9 plus 9.6, BOMBAY 91 78 0 71.8 plus 3.5, Calcutta 92 75 0 49.1 minus 0.9, Cawnpore 94 72 0 22.7 minus 10.3, Cherrapunji 71 61 08 — —, Cocanada 90 78 0 19.3 minus 6.8, Delhi 93 60 24.5 plus 2.1, Hyderabad (Dn) 94 67 0 16.9 minus 6.3, Indore 93 65 0 46.5 plus 14.3, Karachi 86 77 0 3.9 minus 2.1, Lahore 89 65 0 14.3 minus 0.3, Madras 90 76 0 19.3 plus 0.7, Mahabaleshwar 79 63 0.1 293.0 plus 39.1, Mussoorie 66 53 0 78.5 plus 4.1, Patna 90 77 0 26.8 minus 15.0, Peshawar 85 63 0 2.1 minus 2.4, Poona 95 74 0 21.7 —, Rajkot 98 72 0 22.4 minus 1.1, Sholapur 93 75 0 23.4 plus 1.3, Srinagar 75 45 T. 6.0 minus 2.4, Surat 100 77 0 59.5 plus 19.4.

THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

The divine right of kings may have been a plea for feeble tyrants, but the divine right of Government is the keystone of human progress, and without it Governments sink into police, and a nation is degraded into a mob.

—Disraeli

The Bombay Chronicle

FREEDOM OF THE PRESS

Addressing the Standing Committee of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference on Sunday, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Home Member and Member for Information, assured the Committee that the Interim Government "would scrupulously respect the freedom of the press" and "help it to exercise its legitimate functions". And he urged the press in its turn to "support the legitimate activities of a popular Government" and help it in "carrying out the task of achieving complete independence". Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh, President of the Conference had no difficulty in promising support to Government in its "legitimate activities". And as regards support in achieving independence, that has been the ancient task of the Indian nationalist press. However, these mutual assurances of co-operation are hopeful signs of harmonious relations between a National Government and nationalist press, both seeking to further the interests of the nation. As a first gesture of goodwill Sardar Patel has expressed his willingness to set up a Committee of officials and non-officials, including representatives of the press to examine the press laws in the country and bring them in line with the laws of other free countries. The Editors' Conference has often demanded the repeal of several emergency press laws for which there is no longer any justification. These must be soon repealed or radically modified.

It will be well for the Conference to submit to Government or the Committee proposed to be appointed a comprehensive memorandum on the extra-ordinarily drastic press laws in the country, suggesting specific changes therein. Nobody would suggest that there should be no checks on the press. But the checks should operate only if a paper incites people to violence or expresses views which, whatever their intentions, are likely to lead to violence. The necessary change may be gradual. But it must come as soon as possible. As Sardar Vallabhbhai remarked, "the press must have unfettered freedom in the presentation of news and expression of views". Only, as we have stated above the expression of those views should not be such as may lead to violence. Nay, from this point of view even the presentation of news may, on occasions, as during communal or other disturbances, have to be subjected to wholesome checks. The need for such checks is appreciated by responsible newspapers themselves. Recently the Central Press Advisory Committee formulated certain suggestions for the guidance of the press in respect of news and comments on communal disturbances, the best known among these being that during riots reports should not contain details to indicate the community of either victims or assailants. And most Bombay papers have had similar conventions for themselves for a long time. Subject, therefore, to the condition that nothing should be published by a paper which may lead to violence, Sardar Patel's view must be given effect to speedily, that the press must have unfettered freedom in the presentation of news and expression of views. There is deep insight in Thomas Jefferson's famous remark: "The basis of our governments being the opinion of the people, the very first object should be to keep that right; and were it left to me to decide whether we should have a government without newspapers or newspapers without government, I should not hesitate a moment to prefer the latter".

The League's Decision

The position with regard to the reported entry of the Muslim League into the Interim Government is not yet as clear as one would wish it to be. One press report is that Mr. Jinnah communicated to the Viceroy the League Working Committee's decision which is believed to be in favour of accepting the Viceroy's offer of five seats in the Interim Government". But Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, General Secretary, when asked by pressmen, declined to reveal the nature of the decision. After the decision was conveyed to the Viceroy, he was interviewed by Mr. Jinnah, who had later a letter from the Viceregal House. As the precise nature of the League Committee's decision is still not authoritatively published, one feels that the League's reported decision to enter the Interim Government may be subject to conditions or reservations. On the other hand the report dated the 11th which we received from a special correspondent from Delhi and which we published yesterday states: "News was current in Delhi today that an agreement was in sight. There was a draft ready for being signed. It would be unwise to say that at any stage the negotiations broke down. The truth is that for a few hours responsible people were reconsidering what ought to be jointly achieved". It seems possible that some last minute hitch prevented a complete agreement between Congress and League and that meanwhile the League has decided to enter the Government, not in accordance with a Congress-League agreement, but in response to the Viceroy's offer, the actual entry being subject to conditions or reservations. It may be that the conditions are about the distribution of portfolios and the status of the Interim Government, there being no doubt left about the inclusion of a nationalist Muslim in the Government. We do not expect there will be serious difficulties about the portfolios. But it behoves the League not even to make an attempt to lower the constitutional status of the Government.

Frankly Speaking

Irresponsible Sensation Mongering

If the idea is irresponsible sensation mongering, that section of the British press, which is fond of Russia—and Stalin—baiting may perhaps congratulate itself on a dubious achievement. But it is ill-serving the cause of peace at an extremely critical stage in the relations between the Soviet Union and the Western Democracies. Genuine criticism is not objectionable, it would help the cause of peace and understanding. But wild dramatisation is most reprehensible. M. Victor Krachenko was, undoubtedly a high Soviet official once. He visited the United States as a member of the Soviet Purchasing Commission some years ago and stayed there giving up his job, his communism and his Soviet citizenship. Maybe he was honestly disillusioned. But he is being overworked as an anti-Stalin stunt. A British paper, the "News of the World" has secured an article from him in which M. Krachenko seeks to expose M. Stalin as a dangerous threat to the peace of the world. This gentleman's personal knowledge of what Stalin is doing is obviously "dated". But even apart from that fact, the scare he is supposed to be raising is nothing more than an account of how M. Stalin is preparing armaments, increasing the defensive capacity of the U.S.S.R. and equipping his armed forces with most up-to-date military technique. But this is precisely what every country is doing, especially the United States and Britain. How does Stalin become the only leader who is straining every nerve to get ready for a new war?

Physical Training

We commend the efforts of those who have sponsored the first All-India Physical Education Conference, which opened the other day at Amraoti and was addressed by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, member of the Interim Government. The objects of such a conference are of as vital importance to a nation as those of any Educational Conference. It is an inevitable misfortune of any subject country to suffer, during the period of subjection, the deprivation of opportunities of development. In India too both the mind and the body were neglected. We are a nation of emasculated beings. And if great and urgent efforts are needed—and a beginning can now be made with them—to remove the intellectual backwardness, similar efforts are needed for the physical development of the people. Each is a corollary of the other and both must go forward together. We, therefore, heartily support Mr. Bose's plea for the creation of physical culture consciousness among Indian youth. But more is necessary. Whether compulsory military training is practicable and desirable or not, India's Educational authorities must consider it their immediate obligation to ensure physical culture as thoroughly as any branch of learning.

Smuts Exposed

Field-Marshal Smuts exposed himself when he spoke of "the spiritual leadership of Europe". That is the sum total of his humanitarianism and democratic philosophy. This theory of General Smuts India, as Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit declared at Karachi, is going to challenge at the UNO Assembly Session. General Smuts has himself posed the issue squarely and it would be interesting to see how he and the European beneficiaries of his spiritual leadership theory face it there. Yet General Smuts has done no more than giving faithful expression to his fundamental principles, the principles of the superiority of European Whites, wherever they be and of their destiny as the master race. These principles—General Smuts would not like to be told of their obvious identity with the Nazi conception of "Herrenvolk"——are at work in the treatment of Indians in South Africa. They are more than a mere domestic issue.

Challenge To U.N.O.

As Mrs Vijayalakshmi Pandit declares in her broadcast message as leader of the Indian Delegation to the UNO General Assembly, the United Nations agreed at San Francisco "to affirm faith in fundamental human rights in the dignity and worth of the human person and in the equal rights of man and woman and of nations, large and small...." This is the Charter of the United Nations, the 'raison d'etre' of that organisation as it must be. It is the Charter of the United Nations that the White rulers of South Africa have publicly defied. This crime against the United Nations and against humanity itself General Smuts has to answer for at the bar of UNO.

AMBEDKAR'S MISSION TO ENGLAND

Will Meet Churchill And Attlee To Discuss Indian Constitutional Matters

KARACHI, Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Scheduled Castes leader and former Member of the Viceroy's Executive Council, arrived in Karachi by air from Bombay on his way to London to-day.

Dr. Ambedkar told the Associated Press of India that he was proceeding on a political mission and would meet Mr. C. R. Attlee, Prime Minister, and Mr. Churchill and discuss Indian constitutional matters with them.

He declined to be drawn into any further discussion or to clarify the details of his mission.

Quick Voting On Treaty With Finland

PARIS, Oct. 14, (Reuter): Voting on the proposed treaty with Finland to-night marked a final phase in the work of the Paris Conference.

In ten minutes the two territorial articles and 10 political articles of the treaty were adopted without a vote, but the United States Secretary of State, Mr. James F. Byrnes, announced that the United States abstained "on the territorial clauses which confirm session by Finland to the U.S.S.R. of the province of Petsamo".

The U.S. had taken no part in the discussions in the Finnish Political and Territorial Committee, no U.S. delegate being present at its sessions.

The only article considered by the Political and Territorial Committee which was subjected to a roll-call vote in the plenary conference, was an unagreed one dealing with the machinery for settlement of disputes concerning the interpretation or execution of the treaty.

The British proposal was adopted by the conference by 15 votes to six —the Slav states voting against—and will thus go to the Council of the Foreign Ministers as a conference recommendation having obtained two-thirds majority.

All political and territorial clauses were disposed of in 15 minutes, and having speedily and without incident disposed of all military clauses, the conference passed to economic articles.

BEVIN TO REPORT ON PEACE TALKS

LONDON, Oct. 14, (A.P.A.): Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin will make a report to the British people on October 25 presumably on the Paris Peace Conference, Bevin's office announced to-day.

The Foreign Secretary would speak on that date in his parliamentary constituency of Wandsworth, London suburb.

BR. CRUISER FOR MOLOTOV

PARIS, Oct. 14, (Reuter): The British Government is sending a cruiser to "Le Havre" to take M. Molotov, the Soviet Foreign Minister, on the first stage from France to the United States for the meeting of the United Nations General Assembly on October 23.

The cruiser will pick M. Molotov up at "Le Havre" to-morrow afternoon and take him to Southampton, whence he is due to sail in "Queen Elizabeth" for New York on Wednesday.

The United States Secretary of State, Mr. James Byrnes, is expected to fly home. Mr. Ernest Bevin, the British Foreign Secretary, will sail towards the end of the month in "Aquitania".

INDIAN ENVOYS TO U.N.O LEAVE KARACHI

KARACHI, Oct. 14. (A.P.I.): India will fight out its case concerning the South African (Indian) issue before the U.N.O. Assembly and Indians have never been bad fighters" said Mrs. Vijayalaxmi Pandit, leader of the Indian Delegation to the U.N.O. General Assembly before she left Karachi by air for Cairo to-day.

The other delegates who left with her are Mr. Justice M. Chagla. Sir Maharaj Singh, Mr. Frank Anthony, Mr. P. N. Sapru and Mr. Deshmukh.

From Cairo the Indian Delegation will get into a special plane for Washington.

PLEA TO TAKE CHUNDRIGAR IN INTERIM GOVT.

BOMBAY, Monday: The inclusion of Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, M.L.A., Bombay, in the Interim Government of India has been suggested by Mr. Mahomed Sadiq, Editor of the "Muslim Times", a daily of Bombay in a telegram to Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League to-day.

CHINESE GOVT. TROOPS FIGHT TO REOPEN RAILWAY LINE

PEIPING, Oct. 14 (APA).—A series of fierce battles was yesterday reported to be in progress along the railway south-east of Kalgan as Government troops fought to reopen the line from Peiping to Kalgan and Communists strove to maintain the corridor linking their forces in Jehol Province and China proper.

Government troops, who took Kalgan without a fight on Friday, streaked south-east, pursuing the Communists retreating down the railway.

The main Communist effort was apparently concentrated at Hawaijai, north-west of Peiping.

The 'Goonda' Bills

Provisions Of New Bombay Legislation Reviewed

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

POONA, Oct. 13.

The debate in the Bombay Legislative Assembly on the two Bills to amend the District Police and the City Police Acts was a mismanaged affair. This becomes all the more obvious when one compares that debate to the debate on the Industrial Relations Bill.

This Bill too was a contentious measure; and Mr. S. A. Dange, who bore the brunt of the opposition to it, indulged in denunciations no less scathing, and uttered words and sentiments no less provocative, than anything said in the course of the debate on the Police Bills. But there was a difference. He did not begin by questioning the very intentions and bonafides of the Government in every respect. He gave credit where credit was due and while opposing the Bill and its underlying conceptions in toto, he also succeeded in drawing attention to its detailed provisions. Although it would be wrong to convey the impression that the Bill is materially altered in its fundamentals, a number of amendments have been made to meet the point of view of the opposition. On one occasion, for instance, when Mr. Dange was not clear in his mind about the implications of a government-sponsored amendment, he asked for its postponement. Later he had a talk with the Minister and an amendment was made to accommodate his view-point.

UNFORTUNATE DISTRACTIONS.

But the manner in which the debate on the Police Bills proceeded was entirely different. It was, on the part of the Muslim League, one song of opposition, one paen of mistrust. "You are our enemies. You are out to oppress us. You want to rule us by 'brute majority'. We hate you. We will oppose your laws." That about summed up the substance of the opposition. And naturally it provoked equally bitter and vehement denunciations and protestations from the Government. The result was that attention was distracted from the merits or demerits of particular provisions, which did not get the publicity they deserved in the interests of the public.

There was a second result which was also equally unfortunate. As members of an organisation originating in the impulse of the nation to freedom, as individuals whose personality has been shaped and conditioned by the struggle for freedom, Congressmen would naturally be reluctant to father anything which, instead of expanding the bounds of freedom of the individual, tends to curtail it. And true to type, in the beginning, Government spokesmen tended to be apologetic. They seemed to regard the Bills as an evil, ugly, but unfortunately unavoidable necessity. But towards the close of the debate the Government attitude tended to harden and, thanks to their formidable voting strength, they could road-roller the opposition.

If my memory serves right at one stage Government was stated to be willing to limit the operation of the Bills to a specified number of years (say two or three). This was also the suggestion editorially put forward and supported by the 'Bombay Chronicle'. But the idea seems to have been completely forgotten at the later stage.

PROVISIONS ANALYSED.

Eternal vigilance, as the adage goes, is the price of liberty; and every freedom lover must be prepared carefully to scrutinise every measure which may curtail liberty, in however small a measure, and whatever be the need of the justification for such curtailment the fact that the Government which is no difference to this attitude. It is only a false friend that is blind to one's faults. A true friend claims, deserves and ought to have the right to criticise one's conduct, if he finds it necessary.

From this point of view, it would be worthwhile to examine a little closely the provisions of the two Police Bills. Some of the provisions now incorporated in the District Police Act were already a part of the City Police Act. The two have now been amended in such a way that they are alike. It would, therefore, be advantageous to consider the amendments to the District Police Act and the remarks made thereon would apply more or less to the amendments to the City Police Act also.

The Bill incorporating the amendments to the District Police Act may be said to have four important provisions. One of them empowers the District Magistrate to make rules prohibiting disposal of the dead except at places set apart for the purpose. This provision was generally welcomed because at this time of day nobody wants that (as Mr. S. A. Dange pithily put it) dead men should become saints and set themselves up in the middle of roads.

EXTERNMENT OF "GOONDAS"

The second provision is primarily intended to deal with preparations for creating a breach of the public peace. It empowers the District Magistrate to order any person to remove himself outside the Province or to any place within the Province. But, before such an order can be passed certain conditions have to be fulfilled. First, the magistrate must be satisfied that the movements or acts of the person concerned are causing or are calculated to cause alarm, danger or harm to person or property. Secondly and in the alternative, the District Magistrate must have reasonable grounds for believing that the person is engaged or is about to be engaged in committing an offence involving force or violence. And (it is AND and not OR) in either case the Magistrate must be of the opinion that witnesses are not willing to come forward to give evidence in public against such person by reason of apprehension on their part as regards the safety of their person or property.

It may be stated in passing that the allegation that this is copied from the Defence of India Rules which lapsed is wholly incorrect. It is copied, almost word for word, from the City of Bombay Police Act into which it was incorporated in 1938—before the war. Secondly, provisions regarding the procedure to be followed before the order is passed, including the grant of hearing to the person affected by such order, consideration of his statement and application, grant of bail, and provisions of appeal to Government under certain grounds ad to the judicial courts on certain others, contain ample safeguards against miscarriage of justice or arbitrary exercise of powers—wholly alien to an enactment like the Defence of India Rules. It will, therefore, be seen, that considering the needs of the somewhat abnormal times, there is nothing much in this provision to cavil at.

The third provision deals with the declaration of an Emergency and the powers of externment and detention that become vested in District magistrates upon such declaration. It is only the Provincial Government and no lesser authority that can declare an Emergency. Before it can do so the Government must be satisfied "that the public peace or tranquillity in a district or in any part thereof is disturbed or is likely to be disturbed" in consequence of a conflict between different communities or sections thereof or gangs or factions. The declaration of Emergency can last for one month unless renewed, but can be revoked earlier. All orders passed consequent on the declaration of Emergency cease to operate when the Emergency expires. Therefore, this provision ought not to cause any worry. It may reasonably be a part of the ordinary law of any land, provided of course, the Government of that land is an elective, democratic government such as we have today.

CASE OF "HABITUAL OFFENDERS"

But the one provision that has justifiably given rise to some misgivings is something which comes between the two provisions discussed above. It would be worthwhile to quote it fully as it stands on the statute book today:

"The Magistrate of a District or a sub-divisional Magistrate may also by order direct any person who, not having been born in the district, has been convicted once of an offence publishable under Chapter XII, XVI or XVII of the Indian Penal Code, to remove himself in like manner from the District and not to enter the same."

It should be noted that this provision is not subject to the conditions and qualifications governing the other two provisions. Here there need be no breach of the peace or apprehension of such breach. There is no question of either suspicion or certainty that the person to be deported is about to commit an offence or is likely to do anything which may be dangerous or harmful. It applies at all times and in normal circumstances. Only two conditions are necessary for its coming into operation. The person must have once conviction for an offence ranging in seriousness from murder to assault or hurt; and he must not have been born in the District in which he resides. Nor, it should be noted, is there any time limit placed on his externment. As a matter of fact, another amendment makes it clear that he may not return "at any time" except with the written permission of the District Magistrate or subdivisional magistrate.

It should help the public to form their opinion if we take a brief look at the history of this provision. It first made its appearance in 1913. In that year it became applicable to the city of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District. Two years later it was extended to Karachi and Ahmedabad. In 1945, when the Greater Bombay area was constituted, it was extended to Thana District. It would appear that it was initially intended to deal with what are called habitual offenders, who found a haven of refuge and rich field of activity in crowded industrial cities. The expression "habitual offender" was neither mentioned nor defined, just as in the legislation under discussion the word "goonda" is neither mentioned nor defined, although popularly these two Bills are referred to as Goonda Bills.

A HASTY AMENDMENT

But since its inception to this day the provision was applicable to a person who had been "CONVICTED MORE THAN TWICE" of certain offences. When the Government brought forward the present Bill they asked for the deletion of the words "more than." Mr. P. V. Gillespie, who took no other part in the debate on the Bill, obligingly brought forward two amendments (one for each Bill) to change 'twice' into 'once.' And the Government accepted the amendments all too readily.

The problem of the habitual offender is a vast and difficult one. It is outside the scope of this dispatch to consider that subject. But what has now happened is that a provision which was originally meant for habitual offenders has been virtually transformed and converted to a different use. What will happen if all District magistrates ask all persons not born in that district but with one conviction, to leave the district, is difficult to imagine. But it is unlikely to happen. All the same the effect of this provision even on single, isolated cases, needs to be considered seriously indeed.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

LONDON, Oct. 13 (A.P.A.): Westminster, city of governments building, is to have a new Colonial Office in place of the present inadequate premises it is officially announced.

A new building was made imperative by the large increase in the staff of the Colonial Office and the extending activities of the Colonial Empire in which there are 53,000,000 people.

Timber from the various Colonial countries will be used in the construction of the new building. The building will take some years to complete.

* * * *

The task of the Indian Delegation to UNO will, according to Mrs. Pandit its leader, "be to claim for Indians in South Africa the removal of all restrictions imposed on them on the grounds of race and colour...."

Busybodies who are completely ignorant of the problems of South Africa and even of the duties and obligations of UNO, to say nothing of real human principles.

* * * *

We read a speculative report from New Delhi that among the five League probables for the Interim Government one is Mr. M. A. Khuhro of Sind.

If so, is it, in the technical jargon of Mr. Ghulam Husain Hidayatullah's favourite game Bridge, a brilliant discard or a clever finesse?

* * * *

The New York tabloid daily "P. M." has discovered—the source, actual spiritual or prejudicial doesn't matter—an Arab campaign against liberal movements in the Middle East sponsored by "the Arab feudal landowners, foreign—primarily British—monopolies the Arab League and the British Colonial Office."

Even if there isn't any such campaign it is obvious that there is. And it is more obvious and more to the point that Palestine should be handed over to the Jews.

* * * *

"Informed quarters" in Teheran are stated to have told Reuter that the head of the Soviet Foreign Affairs, Middle East Department, M. Smirnov, is alleged to have proposed that Iran should withdraw from the Saadabad Pact of 1937.

By the way wasn't the Pact blessed if not inspired by the Soviet Foreign Commissar in 1937?

* * *

Reuter, however, hastens to add that Government sources do not confirm this interesting report and, in fact, describe it as "pure imagination." We agree.

Foreign diplomatic circles in Teheran, Reuter adds further, describe the rumour as a part of "war of nerves against Turkey." We agree with them too.

* * *

The British Sunday paper the "News of the World" publishes an article by an ex-Soviet official and ex-communist in which he accuses Generalissimo Stalin of "straining every nerve" to prepare for a new war.

This is unfair. Only the previous day, the world was treated by another conservative paper to a probable and a possible forecast of the Russian leader's death. A Stalin sensation a day is rather too much.

* * *

General Franco is reported to advocate "intellectual imperialism."

Would it be a la Nazi or Japanese thought control?

Europeans and other non-Indians hold 90 per cent of the latter-fixed jobs, and will any patriotic ruler of progressive views remain a silent spectator when the sons of the soil are discouraged in every way and dismissed from service by their alien bosses for providing jobs for a minister's friends and favourites? Is Captain Dhanda, who is to-day all-in all in Indore, having eclipsed the position and authority of the Prime Minister, deny the fact that those who have incurred his wrath in one way or other are being harassed? (6) Can Captain Dhanda refute the general opinion that he and his ministerial colleagues are responsible for the present sufferings of the people due to their irresponsible and autocratic ways of administering their respective departments?

In truth, it must be said to the discredit of the present ministers of Indore State that the present regime can only be compared favourably with that of mediaevalism, and this is a challenge to Capt. Dhanda to come out and prove it otherwise.

AN INDOREAN

OUR READERS VIEWS

Indian Troops Abroad

Sir,—The situation that has been developing in Iran, which has 14 millions Shias out of a total population of 15 millions, who have all been our most friendly neighbours, has naturally perturbed all peace-loving Indians, including all Muslims, and certainly the thirty millions of Shias in this country. They are also concerned about the position of some of our Indian troops remaining stationed in and along Iraq and near Iran. Therefore I, as the president of the Council of Action of All Parties Shia Conference, had desired of the Vice-President of the Interim Government, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, to let us know something about this position. I am happy to make it known that immediately on my request Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has just now been good enough to intimate to me to the effect that the present Government is very anxious to have friendly relations with India's neighbours, and that as the Government is concerned it will try its best to further its friendly contacts with Iran.

We all know that unfortunately at present in some parts of Iran conditions are rather troubled. However, in view of what has been the declared policy of our Government as stated above, I think we can feel content for the present with an earnest hope that so far as our Government is concerned it will implement what it has declared.

Regarding the stationing of troops in his brief statement issued very recently by Pandit Jawaharlalji in reply to certain Conservative Party's speeches in England, he has drawn attention to the fact that there are no Indian troops in Iran itself and that many of the Indian troops stationed in Iraq previously have been brought back except some troops now left in Iraq in view of the International complications that are arising in and about the Middle East.

I am making an appeal that in the circumstances stated above it is quite possible that our Government cannot take sudden steps and therefore I feel it behoves us to appreciate that position with all patience on our part. However, when I make the above appeal I should also like to be made known that we trust that Government will keep us informed of position from time to time as it exists or develops.

HOOSEINBHOY A. LALLJEE.

Sales Tax

Sir,—For the benefit of the general public, the Government of Bombay should publish detailed information as to how the Sales Tax operates and what articles are exactly exempt from it. The dealers are charging the tax indiscriminately on all articles, and thereby swell their own coffers at the expense of the poor people, who have to pay through the nose in these hard times of high prices. Government should at once put an end to this nefarious practice.

B. K. MISTRY.

Control Over Flour Mills

Sir,—In these days of food rationing and scarcity, there seems to be the utmost necessity for some degree of Governmental control to be exercised over the flour mill-trade in the cities and towns. There is the general complaint that the flour returned is much shorter in weight than the grain given to the mills. It is said that nothing is more easy for a flour mill than to keep back some portion of the ground material out of every lot given for making into flour. I am told that in these days a peculiar system of profiteering has been developed by which some of the unscrupulous flour millowners and employees manage to accumulate a good deal of such remnant from each lot by the end of each day. This undoubtedly calls for immediate action by the Government. In some places, particularly in H. E. H. the Nizam's territory, a flour-mill owner or manager has to give to the customer the flour weighed in the prescribed manner showing the weight recorded on the receipt. This system, I suggest, would leave little room for fraud. In these days when every particle of food counts for the consumer, it is necessary and desirable that the Government do devise a method similar to the above one, so that the public may be saved yet another species of fraud and profiteering at the expense of the innocent and the unwary.

N. C. N. ACHARYA.

Indore And Responsible Government

Sir,—A resolution, moved by Mr. V. V. Sarwate (Praja Manual), demanding the establishment of full responsible government in Indore under the aegis of His Highness the Maharaja, was carried without a division on the concluding day of the autumn session of the Indore Legislative Council. The mover of the resolution stated that it was an appeal to the ruler to reform the administrative machinery in conformity with the spirit of the times. Captain B. C. Dhanda, Commerce Minister, who is the Leader of the house, replying to the debate said that the resolution, though of vital importance, was being considered at a time when their ruler was away from India. He explained that the administrative machinery of the State, under the wise and able guidance of the ruler, compared favourably with that of other progressive States and that the administration had always striven to carry out as fully as possible all the 'firmans' of His Highness, which aimed at advancing the moral and material welfare of the people.

With due deference to His Highness and his spokesman, Captain Dhanda, may I put the following queries for the latter to answer: (1) Is there civil liberty, freedom of speech and press in Indore State? (2) Is it not a fact that the ruler of Indore, a mere puppet in the hands of a few including Captain Dhanda, who are responsible for the present maladministration, favouritism and nepotism of those who happen to incur the displeasure of the clique in power? (3) Is it possible under responsible government for a ruler to distribute free huge amounts in cash and large areas of valuable land among his favourites, and how can Captain Dhanda justify the gift bestowed on him by a benevolent ruler of land worth about four or five lakhs in the heart of the capital of Indore, in April last just at the time of the ruler's departure for America? (4) Is there any other State in India where Europeans and other non-Indians hold 90 per cent of the latter-fixed jobs, and will any patriotic ruler of progressive views remain a silent spectator when the sons of the soil are discouraged in every way and dismissed from service by their alien bosses for providing jobs for a minister's friends and favourites? Is Captain Dhanda, who is to-day all-in all in Indore, having eclipsed the position and authority of the Prime Minister, deny the fact that those who have incurred his wrath in one way or other are being harassed? (6) Can Captain Dhanda refute the general opinion that he and his ministerial colleagues are responsible for the present sufferings of the people due to their irresponsible and autocratic ways of administering their respective departments?

In truth, it must be said to the discredit of the present ministers of Indore State that the present regime can only be compared favourably with that of mediaevalism, and this is a challenge to Capt. Dhanda to come out and prove it otherwise.

AN INDOREAN

Gokak Municipal Affairs

Sir,—The Gokak Municipality was superseded once in the year 1938, and seven persons were prosecuted for offences under the Dist. Municipal Act and the I.P.C. One of the accused then happens now to be the president of the Municipality.

The Municipality has not taken any lesson from that suspension. The administration of the Municipality leaves much to be desired. Partisanship and communalism run riot.

The Collector of Belgaum only a year back had warned the municipality in his inspection notes. The municipality escaped supersession only on the members giving the assurance that they would give up their party factions and work for the welfare of the city.

But soon after that, the majority party went back on their assurance and are now behaving like boys rather than city fathers. Some merchant-members, it is alleged, have evaded payment of octroi duty on their goods. This is noted in the inspection memo. The lighting arrangements and "Bhangi" services are far from satisfactory. The public latrines have created a veritable hell in the heart of the city. The water and the electricity works have been resolved to be given to private hands. The roads and the gutters are most ugly. There is no scheme or plan which the municipality has resolved to carry out. There is no public garden nor any place for recreation.

Any one paid employee would more satisfactorily carry on the municipal administration than the whole lot of the members who only indulge in personal squabbles and show little concern for the well being of the city.

The present municipal body is incurable on the whole. Supersession is the only remedy, sooner the better.

A. G. ANGADI
BAILER

CALCUTTA RIOTS INQUIRY OPENS

Sir Patrick Spens' Assurance To Witnesses

CALCUTTA, Oct. 14 (APA): The Commission appointed by the Government of Bengal, to inquire into the disturbances of August 16-20, held at first public sitting this forenoon in the drawing room of Belvedere, the Viceroy's Calcutta Residence, Sir Patrick Spens,' Chief Justice of India presiding.

The 90-minute session settled the work of procedure to be followed by the Commission during the course of its inquiry.

Tomorrow and the day after the Commission will visit the affected areas of the city and on Thursday the question whether the proceedings are to be in public or in camera will be decided.

PRIORITY FOR MILITARY

The first witnesses will be the military authorities who will be followed by the Government of Bengal and later by the Hindus, Muslims and others.

Each party is to be represented by a senior counsel. The military authorities will be represented by Col. J. B. Harrison and Lt.-Col N. Lovett. The Hindus will be represented by Mr P. R. Das of Patna and the Muslims by Mr. Mohammad Yunnus.

All general statements along with the list of witnesses are to be filed by the leading counsel by October 25.

SPENS' ASSURANCE

Answering "public criticisms of the Inquiry Commission", Sir Patrick Spens asserted in a statement that "every step has been and will be taken to secure that no improper use will be made of any statement of evidence furnished to the Commission and to protect and prevent interference with witnesses."

Sir Patrick added that the Commission has been given "the required agreements and promises" through Government legislation and "we have been put in complete control and are in complete control"

The local press has circulated that about 10,000 statements from the public have been so far received in the Commission's office.

The A.P.I added:—

SIR PATRICK EXPLAINS.

Referring to his interview with Bengal's Chief Minister at Delhi, the Chairman said that on the first of September he was first approached by His Excellency the Governor-General to undertake the Chairmanship of this Commission. After discussing the matter with His Excellency on September 3, Sir Patrick proceeded to Calcutta and between the 5th and the 8th. At a series of discussions with His Excellency the Governor of Bengal and his advisers, all matters with regard to the personnel, powers and the methods by which they were to be given, were provisionally agreed to. But the Chief Minister was not then in Calcutta and when he (Sir Patrick) left Calcutta on the 8th, the Chief Minister, owing to his absence could not consider his requirements. On reaching Delhi he asked the Chief Minister and explained to him what provisional agreement had been given to him at Calcutta in his absence and asked for his agreement to them and has promised to implement them without delay, which the latter readily gave. "That was, Sir Patrick said, the sole substance and object of the interview.

The Commission will on Thursday next decide whether the proceedings of the court will be continued in public or in Camera.

TOLL OF RIOTS

It will be recalled that a serious communal riot broke out in Calcutta on August 16 last (the 'direct action day' declared by the All-India Muslim League) and it was officially stated that over 3,400 corpses were removed from the streets of Calcutta and Howrah following the riots. Another 4,400 persons were admitted to hospital. Over 2,000 buildings were burnt and properties worth several crores were looted. His Excellency the Viceroy also came to Calcutta and visited some of the affected areas.

Can Interested Party Be Appointed Receiver?

An interesting point as to whether an interested party could be appointed a Receiver of the business of a company was decided by the Hon. Mr. Justice Bhagwati while hearing a notice of motion taken out by the C. P. Syndicate Ltd. against Mr. K. P. Ghiara in the High Court.

On 5th December 1945 a consent order was obtained by the plaintiff company appointing Mr. D. P. R. Cassad and the defendant as joint general managers of the company. That arrangement did not work well and the plaintiff company had to take out notice of motion against the defendant for vacating the said order and for the appointment of a Receiver and other ancillary reliefs.

Delivering judgment His Lordship appointed Mr. Shirinbai B. P. Byramji as the Receiver of the plaintiff company. In doing so he said that there were exceptional circumstances which took the case out of the general rule, which was to the effect that where there are interested parties in the suit, each distrusting the other, the only course open to the court was to appoint the Court Receiver as the Receiver of the company. In the present case His Lordship found that Mrs. Shirinbai B. P. Byramji owned 152 shares, Mrs Kamalrukh D Cassad owned 256 shares and Mr D P. R. Cassad owned 25 shares out of the total number of 442 shares of the Company. The defendant therefore had a holding of only ten shares in the Company. His Lordship also found the Company was indebted to Mrs. Byramji in the sum of Rs. 10 lakhs and to Mrs. Cassad for about Rs. one lakh. On these facts His Lordship was pleased to vacate the Consent Order of 1945 and to appoint Mrs. Byramji as the Receiver of the plaintiff Company.

SUBSTANTIAL CROP RETURNS IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Monday: The cultivator in Bombay Province, who had apprehended a complete failure of food crops owing to disappointing weather conditions in the months of April and May, may now reasonably entertain a feeling of assurance that the crop returns in the coming months of the year will be fairly substantial, as a result of the generally favourable monsoon which has just ended.

RED ARMY MAY BE STRIPPED OF U. S. MATERIAL

Washington Reserves Right To Recover Lend-Lease Arms

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14, (A.P.A.): The United States will reserve the right to recover all weapons and munitions supplied to Russia under Lend Lease before marking the war-time account closed, American Government officials said here on Sunday.

These officials noted that such recovery-provisions had been written into the Lend Lease settlements concluded with seven other countries.

They added that they could see no reason why American policy in this matter should be changed for the Soviets.

A note to Moscow sent some weeks ago, suggesting that a mission be sent to the United States for negotiating a settlement of the Russian account, was reported to be still unanswered. The great bulk of the 11,000,000,000 dollars Lend Lease goods supplied to Russia fell within the strictly war goods category.

American officials who will sit in the settlement discussions said they did not think the United States would seek payment for war material expended in the war.

Russians would be asked, however, to pay at least part of the cost of the civilian type of articles which the Soviets could use in peace time.

Whether a charge should be made for weapons still in use by the Soviet Army apparently remained to be decided.

Long term credits have been granted to Britain and France to enable them to pay sums agreed upon for the settlement of Lend Lease accounts and presumably, Russia also would be granted a long-term credit.

Stalin Had U.S. In Mind

Moscow Quotes America's War Expenditure

LONDON, Oct. 14, (A. P. A.): Moscow radio said today that Stalin was referring to America when he made his recent declaration, that talk of new war was promoted by some military men in order to prevent reduction of military budgets in their countries.

Declaring that President Truman had asked in a message to the Congress last July for 16,000,000,000 dollars for military purposes in the 1947 Fiscal year the commentator said, "During the 150 years from the time George Washington took office as first President until the outbreak of the Second World War, with the exception of the inflationist sixties of the last century, when Civil War was in progress, and three years of the first World War, military disbursement of the United States totalled 24,000,000,000 dollars * * *."

He continued, "In peace time, the United States is spending in one year for military purposes two-thirds of the total sum which it expended in the course of 150 years of peace."

German-Soviet Pact Echo

Supplementary Agreement In British Hands

LONDON, Oct. 14, (Reuter): The text of an agreement supplementary to the German-Soviet non-Aggression Pact of August 23, 1939, has been found in Germany.

Maj. C. P. Mayhew, Under-Secretary of Foreign Affairs, disclosed this in the House of Commons today when answering a question by Mr. Tomas Raid (Labour), who asked if the Foreign Secretary had obtained from the archies of the German Foreign Office any evidence of the secret German-Soviet Treaty in connection with this non-aggression pact.

Asked if he could say what the terms of agreement were, Maj. Mayhew replied: 'No Sir, not at this moment".

There were cheers when Mr. Ernest Thrutle (Labour) asked if it was intended to publish this agreement, but Maj. Mayhew said that the publication of it was rather a different matter.

ALREADY PUBLISHED IN BRITAIN.

Prof. Savoy (Conservative) said that the texts of both secret protocols had already been published in Britain, adding: "I have them in my hand now. The intention was to divide Poland along the line of Nareth, Vistula and San—a fourth partition of Poland".

Mr. Richard Stokes (Labour) asked if in considering the publication, the Minister would incorporate the negotiations between Britain and Russia which preceded the German-Soviet Treaty.

Maj. Mayhew replied that this point would be borne in mind.

VATICAN MOVES

Excommunication Of Yugoslavs Who Sentenced Stepinac

LONDON, Oct. 14, (Reuter): The Vatican radio announced today excommunication of all who actively participated in the condemnation of Archbishop Stepinac Primate of Yugoslavia, sentenced last week to 16 years' imprisonment by the Belgrade court for "crimes against the State."

The declaration of the excommunication was made by a sacred congregation of the Council in accordance with the Canon of law code.

First Issue Of "India" Comes Out

LONDON, Oct. 13, (U. P. I.): "India can no longer be isolated from the main stream of the current of history as the spiritual forces of India gather momentum in the storm of conflicts and controversies", declares the first issue of "India", a nationalist review of the Indian affairs to be published monthly by Swaraj House, London.

Its editor is Dr. N. Ganghee. The first issue of "India" contains several interesting articles as also a newsletter of the A. I. C. C. and a photograph of Mahatama Gandhi on the cover.

Ahmedabad Workers' Sacrifice

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 14, (API). An appeal to the textile workers of Ahmedabad to forgo their two month's supplementary rations in response to the appeal made by Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Member for Food and Agriculture Interim Government has been made by the joint representative Board of the Textile Labour Association, which passed a resolution stating that workers of Ahmedabad who have responded to the call of the country in the past will not fail in their duty when the country is faced with a food crisis."

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.

Stock Exchange Opening Prices: General Motors dol. 51, Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 37-3/4, United States Steel Common dol. 70, United States Steel Preference unquoted.—(Reuter).

RIOT NEWS CODE FOR PAPERS

Editors' Committee Proposes Uniform Policy

NEW DELHI, Oct. 14 (A.P.I.): The Standing Committee of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference concluded its session today.

A Press Note on today's proceedings says:—

To fill up the vacancies on the Committee, the following members were co-opted:—

Mr. S. Sadanand ("Free Press Journal", Bombay), Mr. S. C. Majumdar ("Hindustan Standard," Calcutta), Mr. F. W. Bustin ("Civil and Military Gazette", Lahore) and Mr. Gokhale ("Kesari", Poona)

The Committee decided to set up a Central Office Secretariat in New Delhi, to be placed under the charge of a whole-time paid Secretary.

It was decided that the next annual session of the Conference should be held at New Delhi on March 1, 1947, at the time of the Pan-Asiatic Editors' Conference and the Pan-Asiatic Relations Conference.

RIOT NEWS CONVENTION

The Committee held detailed discussion on the question of the adoption of a Press Convention applicable to the whole of India for the guidance of newspaper editors in regard to the publication of riot News. The Committee had before it the convention already in force in Bombay and the one proposed to be adopted by the Press and the authorities at Delhi. The suggestions put forward by the Delhi Committee were approved of and it was decided that the same be forwarded to Provincial Committees for adoption in consultation with the respective Governments, with such changes as may be deemed necessary to suit local conditions.

The Delhi proposals state:

(1) During riots, reports should not contain anything to indicate the community of either victims or assailants.

(2) While every endeavour should be made to ensure that reports are factually correct and are received from sources known to be reliable, such reports as give details of a programme for defiance of law or are calculated to inflame public feelings or to create communal hatred should be treated with the greatest circumspection.

(3) Reports of speeches, statements of news directly inciting to violence should be avoided.

(4) Care should be taken in editorials to avoid expression calculated to encourage or condone violence or to arouse communal bitterness.

PRESS LAWS REVISION

The Committee further authorised the President to nominate the representatives on behalf of the A. I. N. E. C. on the Committee that might be appointed by the Central Government to go into the matter of revision of Laws governing the Press in pursuance of the recommendations of the A. I. N. E. C. in this respect.

The Committee also had a discussion on the question of securing concessions for Press representatives for railway and air travel in India and the Central Press Advisory Committee was authorised to pursue the matter further.

BENGAL ORDER RESENTED

The following resolutions were passed by the Standing Committee.

(1) The Standing Committee, while appreciating the action of the Bengal Press Advisory Committee in imposing a voluntary restraint in regard to publication of riot news, records its strong protest against the gagging order of the Bengal Government on the Bengal Press, despite the co-operation voluntarily offered by the B. P. A. C.—and hopes that the order would be withdrawn.

(2) This meeting of the Standing Committee of the A.I.N.E.C. invites the attention of the Government of India to the serious inconvenience caused by the lack of housing and office accommodation in New Delhi, for its members and their representatives. It suggests that immediate steps be taken to place at the disposal of the members of the A. I. N. E. C., some of the buildings which have been lying vacant in New Delhi, for long periods and authorises the C. P. A. C. to negotiate with the Government with this end in view.

(3) This meeting of the A.I.N.E.C. protests against the withdrawal of the telephone concessions until recently enjoyed by the Press of sending Press messages between the hours of midnight and 6 a. m. at a third of the normal rate and strongly urges on the Government of India immediately to restore the concession.

(4) Resolved that the Central Press Advisory Committee should take immediate steps to arrange for the holding of the Pan-Asiatic Press Conference.

Two Minor Assaults In Howrah

CALCUTTA, Oct. 14, (A.P.I.): Calcutta was quiet throughout to-day, says a Press Note issued by the Director of Publicity, Government of Bengal, at 8 p.m. to-day.

It adds: "From Howrah were received reports of two cases of minor assaults. There was a small fire in a house which, according to investigations made, is not considered to be connected with the communal disturbances."

ONE ASSAULT IN HOWRAH

Seven persons were arrested today in connection with yesterday's incident in the eastern part of the city when a man was attacked by some persons and thrown into a canal, from where he was later rescued.

RESCUED BY POLICE.

Some people, who had gone this morning to visit their houses, abandoned during the last disturbances in the north-eastern suburbs of Calcutta, were restrained by some people of the locality, but subsequently rescued by police states a Press Note issued by the Provincial Press Advisory Committee today. Three persons were arrested in this connection.

The Press Note adds that there was an exchange of brickbats between two parties in Entally area today, but the situation was soon brought under control by the police who arrested fourteen persons in this connection.

There was one case of assault in Beleghata area today. The victim was removed to hospital.

At about 10 last night, there was an exchange of brickbats between two parties in Cossipore area as a result of which several persons were injured.

ALLAHABAD CURFEW FURTHER RELAXED.

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 145. (A.P.I.): The situation at Allahabad has been quiet for the last five days. The authorities have further relaxed the curfew, which is now between 10 p.m. to 6 a.m.

Two Fires In City

BOMBAY, Monday.

Fire broke out in a building at Abdul Rehman Street; the owner of the place sustained slight burns while trying to extinguish the flames. The fire was first noticed by the police, who immediately informed the Memonwada Road Fire Brigade. The damage in this case is estimated to be over Rs 3,000. The cause of the fire is not known.

Another fire, broke out in a residential building at Khara Bank Road, off Ibrahim Rahimtoola Road. The fire originated from a blazing furnace of a shop on the groundfloor over which sweets were being cooked. There was no casualty but the damage is estimated at Rs. 2,000. The fire was quickly brought under control by the fire fighting squad from Memonwada.

Two More Days To Go

Ribbentrop Unrepentant

Says Germany Was Right In Refusing British Ultimatum

NUREMBERG, Oct. 14 (Reuter): Joachim von Ribbentrop, former German Foreign Minister, declared today —two days before he is due to be executed—that he was convinced that he did the right thing when he handed Germany's refusal to the British ultimatum of September 1939, presented by Sir Neville Henderson, the then British Ambassador.

"I would do it again," he said. Ribbentrop added, however, that he was convinced that Germany was wrong in leaving the League of Nations. "I tried to influence the Fuehrer against quitting the League, but he would not listen to me."

A security blackout has surrounded all information about the actual carrying out of the executions. The place of execution has been kept secret. As the hour of execution drew nearer the condemned men seemed more composed.

Captain Samuel N. Binder, American prison official, said, "Goering and Ribbentrop are sleeping fairly well. Keitel seems in reasonable good spirits. This morning he was showing others letters from his wife.

"Sauckel has composed himself a little. He keeps saying that the things he did were right.

"Streicher takes morbid interest in how the other condemned Nazis are approaching death. He says they should not let themselves become depressed but be brave and strong like good Germans.

"The most resigned is Frick who is just waiting for the noose."

NUREMBERG SECRECY ANGERS CORRESPONDENTS

NUREMBERG, Oct. 14 (U.P.A.): A battery of public relations officers representing the U. S. Army, the Nuremberg prison authorities and the Four-Power Commission in charge of the Nuremberg hangings faced an angry press corps this morning with the executions less than 48 hours away and told them nothing of the execution details.

"Spokesman" would not even confirm the date for the hangings, officially announced by the Allied Control Council in Berlin on Wednesday. The reporters asked the public relations officers to ask the Commission for an explanation of the secrecy which surrounds the executions.

WHAT NAZIS THINK

United Press of America reports from scattered points in Germany showed a growing German whispering campaign that the secrecy and restrictions of coverage to the correspondents are due to the fact that the 11 men will not be executed but will be spirited away to be used by the United States which needs their knowledge.

Do They Know Doom Day?

NUREMBERG, Oct. 14 (Reuter): It is officially announced in Nuremberg that the 11 Nazi leaders will be hanged on Wednesday.

The Prison Commandant's office, however, declined to disclose if the condemned men have been informed of "the day."

BIRTH OF FOURTH REPUBLIC OF FRANCE

Bidault's Position Shaky: Will Communist Thorez Be Next Premier

PARIS, OCTOBER 14 (APA & REUTER): FRANCE'S FOURTH REPUBLIC WAS BORN TODAY, SIX YEARS AFTER GERMAN TANKS CRUSHED THE OLD REGIME.

FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE 1940, THE NATION HAD A BASIC LAW UPON WHICH TO BUILD NEW POLITICAL INSTITUTIONS.

The acceptance was backed by the three main parties—the Popular Republicans, Socialists and the Communists.

With figures for only one metropolitan department—Corsica — outstanding, the voting was: for 9,200,467, against 7,790,676. Abstentions reached the remarkable total of 7,776,893.

In the referendum of May 5 last, the constitution proposed then was rejected by 10,488,059 to 9,327,073 with 5,490,205 abstentions.

CALMEST ELECTION NIGHT

Paris had one of the calmest election nights in its history. Only outside a few newspaper offices were the results were displayed was there any liveliness.

Early editions of non-Government newspapers interpreted the result as showing that the majority of popular Republican voters abstained or followed General De Gaulle by voting "no".

Communist, Socialist and other left-wing papers were enthusiastic.

The result of the referendum vote with its massive abstentions and the refusal of a huge majority of the popular Republican voters to follow their leaders may have far-reaching effects on the November elections.

BIDAULT'S POSITION SHAKY

Unless in the meantime Premier Georges Bidault—leader of the anti-De Gaulle wing of the popular Republican Party — can stimulate some new enthusiasm among his party's supporters between now and November, his party may find itself ousted out of the first place in the new Parliament in favour of the Communist Party thus opening a likelihood that France's next Prime Minister will be the Communist leader, Maurice Thorez.

One paradox of the referendum result is that those who have got it adopted by their votes are in main Communist and Socialist voters who were defeated in the constitutional referendum last May. They have won this time because opponents to conceptions which underline the new constitution—placing the executive and legislative powers in the hands of the lower chamber—were split and puzzled.

Rebels Wanted To Capture Salazar

Abortive Revolt Was Planned Long In Advance

LONDON, Oct. 14, (U.P.A.): Private advices reaching London from Portugal said to-day that last week's abortive revolt had been planned long in advance and arose from the general discontent about the nation's worsening economy.

Impatient officers of the Sixth Cavalry Regiment at Oporto began the insurrection prematurely with a plan to capture Premier General Antonio Salazar, these reports said. They counted on support from garrisons all over Portugal and when their plan failed and support did not materialize they surrendered to the first show of force.

A Government communique termed the incident as "insurrection." In an official statement to the foreign Embassies, the Government described the event as a protest by reserve officers over differential treatment from that given to regular officers, four of whom were captured as rebels. The plan originally called for an uprising on September 20 but the outbreak was postponed from day to day.

A well informed source reported that the action was prepared because of "increased difficulties in the supply of foodstuffs, increased living costs and a generally deteriorating national economy."

FRIENDLY CONTACT WITH IRAN

Nehru's Assurance To Lalljee: Concern For Persian Shias

BOMBAY, Monday.

That the present Government are very anxious to have friendly relations with India's neighbours and that they will try their level best to further their own friendly contacts with Iran, is the assurance given by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Vice-President of the Interim Government, in reply to a letter of Mr. Hooseinbhoy Lalljee, President of the Council of Action of the All-Parties Shia Conference, about the situation in Iran where there are 14 million Shias.

Pandit Nehru adds: "We all know that unfortunately at present in some parts of Iran conditions are rather troubled. However, in view of what has been the declared policy of our Government, as stated above, I think we can feel content for the present with an earnest hope that so far as our Government are concerned they will implement what they have declared."

EGYPTIAN PREMIER TO FLY TO BRITAIN ON WEDNESDAY

LONDON, Oct. 14, (Reuter): Ismail Sidky Pasha, the Egyptian Premier, will leave Cairo by air on Wednesday for London, where he and his party will have talks with Mr. Ernest Bevin, the British Foreign Secretary, on the revision of the 1936 Anglo-Egyptian Treaty, a Foreign Office spokesman said here today.

ECHO OF SHOOTING IN FORT AREA

Pathan Watchman Of Imperial Bank Arrested As Suspect

BOMBAY, Monday.

The mystery that shrouded the shooting of a Bombay journalist in the Fort area two weeks ago is now being unfolded.

The Bombay C.I.D., have in this connection arrested Amirkhan Sarvar Khan, a Pathan watchman of the Imperial Bank of India. It is said that hidden in a lavatory of the Bank premises were found 9 live revolver cartridges, which, it is suspected, were deposited there by the accused.

He is in Police custody now, pending fuller investigation. The Police, however, have not been able to trace the revolver yet.

Peace Committee Member Fatally Stabbed

A prominent merchant of Parel, who took great interest in establishing peace in Parel area not only in the present disturbances but also in previous communal riots, was fatally stabbed just in front of his house on Wednesday last when he was returning from a meeting of the People's Peace Committee, Parel, of which he was an active worker and was mainly responsible for its coming into existence.

General Joseph W. Stilwell, C-in-C. of U. S. Army forces during the major part of the campaign in the China-India-Burma theatre, who died on Sunday in San Francisco.

Harijans To Launch Temple Entry Satyagraha

LAHORE Oct. 13, (A. P. I.): Harijans at a meeting held here today decided to launch "Satyagraha" at the Radhe Shyam temple in Lahore if they were not allowed entry into the temple by October 18. The meeting was held under the joint auspices of the All-India Harijan League and the Depressed Classes Federation. Mr. Prithvi Singh Azad, M. L. A. and General Secretary of the Depressed Classes Federation, presided.

D. F. Karaka:

Off My Chest

It hardly lies in the mouth of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel to make the sort of mud-and-water speech which the Sardar made to the Newspaper Editors.

There is a Hindustani saying about a cat which, after it had eaten 70 mice decided to go on a pilgrimage. The Sardar, who was the Lion of Baroda, is hardly the person to say to the Press of India, 'The Press should discourage unruly elements'

Had the Press of India discouraged unruly elements, the Sardar, and his colleagues would not be in the Secretariat in New Delhi. They are there only because the press backed the "unruly" campaigns of civil disobedience from 1921 onwards, because newspapermen went to jail writing with conviction on things they felt deeply.

The position has in no way changed as yet, for the Press to end its fight against the Government whether that Government be one of British administrators and their stooges or of Indian Nationalists. The press has now even more work to do than before. It has to see that this Government of representative Indians acts upto the expectations of the people it represents, that this Government shows a broad vision in its administration, that the promises made by its members are kept and not merely repeated.

There is an important aspect of the Interim Government which seems to have escaped the notice of the average man. The Government formed in New Delhi is not intended to be a Congress Government. Whether the League joins the Interim Government or not, that Government is to be a National Government. The fads of individual Congressmen, however high they may be in the Congress hierarchy should not have the sanction of the Interim Government if that fad is against the national interest.

There are other points for this Government to note. We, the people of India, are wanting to move forward on lines on which the rest of the world is moving. It is time we became big enough and realised that the West, however foreign it may be to us, has much to offer us. The general attitude in certain Indian political circles appears to be that we should go back the 150 years before the British came, start work on our charkha, drink cocoanut milk and grow more vegetables.

The press in India exists to remind such gentlemen now and again of what the average INTELLIGENT and progressive Indian wants and expects from his Government.

There may be many unruly elements" we will have to support to bring about the changes that lead to progress. Much depends on what lines the present Interim Government conducts its daily business, what it achieves and what it does for the people.

There has been graft and nepotism in the most pious political quarters in the past. There may be graft and nepotism again.

We journalists have also our duty to perform and our conscience will be our guide on what we should write. Sermons from Government officials have always been irksome to us and the less we have of these the better. Jai Hind!

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END OF PEACE CONFERENCE

"BIG FOUR" OUT TO PREVENT FUTURE AGGRESSION

Allied Troops To Be Withdrawn Within 90 Days Of Signing Of Peace Treaties

PARIS, October 14. (Reuter): Eleven weeks after it began, the Paris conference will complete its work today by voting the draft peace treaty with Finland.

Sometime on Tuesday, there will be a formal closing session after which the 1,500 delegates from 21 countries will disperse.

Thus the conference will have kept to the deadline set by the 'Big Four' three weeks ago when nine committees of the conference were bogged in interminable discussions.

In the last eight days, it has voted the Italian, Rumanian, Hungarian and Bulgarian treaties, which with the Finnish treaty, formed the original agenda.

The draft treaties now go to the Big Four' Foreign Ministers who have the last say on the actual texts to be presented to ex-enemy satellites for signature.

Members of the Council of Foreign Ministers—apart from the French Premier, M. Georges Bidault, who is remaining in Paris—are preparing to leave for New York, which, with the opening of the United Nations General Assembly on October 23, will supplant Paris as the world diplomatic centre.

REPARATIONS TO RUSSIA

In voting the Hungarian treaty on Saturday night the conference threw back to the 'Big Four' the question of the amount of reparations to be paid by Hungary to Russia, Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia.

The plenary session gave only a "simple majority" approval to the original 'Big Four' proposal that reparations should be £50,000,000 (fifty million sterling) for Russia and £25,000,000 (twenty-five million sterling) divided between Czechoslovakia and Yugoslavia. Voting was seven to two with seven abstentions.

This means in effect that the question reverts to the 'Big Four'. When the question was discussed in committee, the United States amendment to reduce the total reparations to £50,000,000 (fifty million sterling) was adopted by a simple majority.

In the general debate on Saturday, Mr. Willard Thorpe announced that the United States would not press the amendment, which was not put to vote.

The United States voted against the original proposal.

The plenary session sitting for the sixth successive night voted the treaty at record speed—two hours and 50 minutes compared with six hours for the Italian treaty and four and a half hours each for the Rumanian and Hungarian.

TERRITORIAL CHANGES

Comparatively small territorial changes in the map of Europe are proposed in the five draft peace treaties for ex-satellites of the Axis as drawn up by the Paris peace conference now completing its eleven-week task.

Five volumes, each rather less than the size of an average novel, containing peace terms as recommended by the conference of Paris for the five European ex-satellites with a total population of 8,000,000 people will shortly be handed to each of the Big Four Foreign Ministers.

On the basis of these recommendations the Big Four will draw up the final treaties and present them for signature to Italy, Rumania, Hungary, Bulgaria and Finland.

The five treaties, representing a small but important part of post-war settlements, have a common framework and the same principles run through them. All have now been debated and voted in plenary session except that of Finland which will be before the coference tomorrow.

MAIN PROBLEMS

The main problems they deal with are prevention of future aggression, economic reconstruction of Europe and establishment of democratic principles and "human rights."

The five ex-enemy states are offered membership of the United Nations when questions dealt within the treaties are satisfactorily settled.

Allied troops will withdraw within 90 days of the signing of the treaties except that in Rumania and Hungary Russia may keep such troops as are necessary to man lines of communication to Austria.

THE POSITION OF INDIVIDUAL COUNTRIES IS AS FOLLOWS:

Italy gives up the following territories: Firstly, Trieste and its immediate neighbourhood becomes a free territory.

Secondly, the new frontier with Yugoslavia follows the French line suggested to the Council of Foreign Ministers last July—giving Yugoslavia a large proportion of Venezia-giulia, running from Slovenia in the north to Istria on the Adriatic in the south.

Thirdly, the Dodecanese Islands—to be permanently demilitarised—go to Greece.

Fourthly, France acquires the small strategic Alpine areas round Mont Cenis Tenda and Briga.

Fifthly, the African colonies Libya, Eritrea, and Italian Somaliland are surrendered. Their final disposal to be decided in 12 months' time.

Sixthly, Italy surrenders concessions and leases in China.

Armed forces allowed Italy are:—firstly, Navy—two battleships and 67,500 tons other vessels, with a maximum personnel of 22,500 officers and men. Remaining units of the navy are placed at the disposal of the 'Big Four' Powers.

Secondly, Italian army, including frontier guards, limited to 185,000 combat personnel and 65,000 carabinieri.

Thirdly, Italian airforce may have only 200 fighter and reconnaissance planes and 150 transport, rescue and training aircraft. The personnel must not exceed 25,000.

Italy's Mediterranean and Adriatic islands will be demilitarised.

Despite reparations amounting to more than £1,000,000,000 (one thousand million sterling) and big claims for damages, Italy will pay reparations only to Russia, Greece, Yugoslavia (£25,000,000 each) and Ethiopia (£5,250,000)—making a total of £81,250,000.

The 'Big Four' will decide whether Allies should receive reparations.

Treaty confirms return of Bessarabia to Russia and southern Dobrujdje to Bulgaria. It gives back to Rumania northern Transylvania, which Hitler had allotted to Hungary under the Vienna award of 1940.

RUMANIAN FORCES ARE LIMITED TO: Firstly army—120,000 combat personnel and 5,000 for anti-aircraft defence.

Secondly, navy—total tonnage of 15,000 tons manned by a maximum personnel of 5,000.

Thirdly, airforce—150 aircraft, not more than 100 of which may be combat types and 8,000 personnel.

Rumania pays reparations only to the Soviet union amounting to £75,000,00

A special feature is an article obliging her to repeal sections of the petroleum law of 1942 which discriminate against the United Nations Oil Companies and to pay prices "which take account of world conditions" to these companies for oil bought by the Rumanian Government.

To avoid prejudicing Greece's claim to strategic frontier adjustment with Bulgaria, the question of Bulgaria's final frontiers was left open for discussion by the Council of foreign Ministers.

Her frontiers with Greece will be demilitarised. Disarmament provision for Bulgaria are: Firstly, land army including frontier troops of 5,000 men and anti-aircraft artillery, with a maximum of 1,800 personnel.

Secondly, Navy—total tonnage of 7,250 with 3,500 personnel.

Thirdly, airforce—90 aircraft, not more than 70 of which may be combat type with a maximum personnel of 5,200.

Bulgarian reparations: Total £31,250,000 divided equally between Greece and Yugoslavia and payable over six years in commodities.

Hungary: Hungary loses to Rumania northern Transylvania and to Czechoslovakia a small area on the south bank of the Danube opposite Bratislava, the Slovak capital.

A special article obliges Hungarians to enter into bilateral negotiations with Czechoslovakia on the question of the 200,000 Magyars living in Czechoslovakia. Czechs had originally demanded forced transfers to Hungary of this population.

Hungary will be limited to an army of 65,000 men and air force of 90 planes and 5,000 men.

By a simple majority, the conference recommended that Hungary should pay total reparations of £75,000,000 divided between Russia (£50,000,000) and Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia (£25,000,000.

The United States had proposed to cut the total to £5,000,000.

Since there were seven abstentions to the vote, the matter is in effect left open for the Council of Foreign Ministers to decide.

Finland: The proposed provisions of the Finland treaty to be debated and voted in the plenary session tomorrow are: Finland cedes to Russia the province of Petsamo and restores the provisions of the peace treaty with Russia since after her defeat in 1940.

She also grants a 50 year lease of the area of Porkhala-udd for the establishment of a Soviet naval base, while Russia gives up her former lease of Hango Peninsula.

Aaland islands in the Baltic are to remain demilitarised.

Finnish armed forces are limited to: A land army of 30,000 men, a navy of 10,000 tons and 4,500 men and an airforce of 60 Aircraft and 3,000 men.

Finland will pay £75,000 co-operations to Russia over eight years.

Sind League's Call To Resign From Peace Committees

KARACHI, Oct. 14 (UPI).—The Working Committee of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, at a meeting held here this morning, passed a resolution recommending to the Government of Sind to declare the Rashtra Sewak Sangh as an unlawful organisation.

It further called upon members of the Muslim League to resign from Peace Committees formed in various districts for the maintenance of peace and order.

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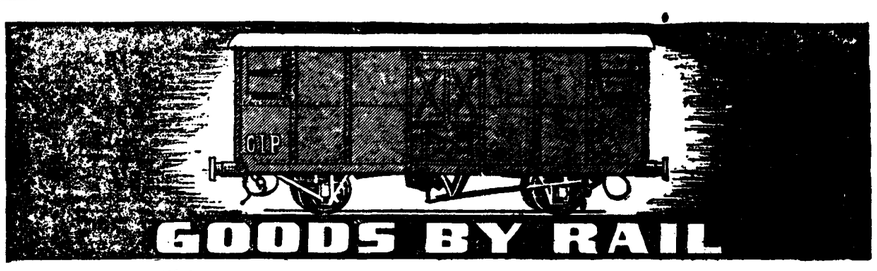

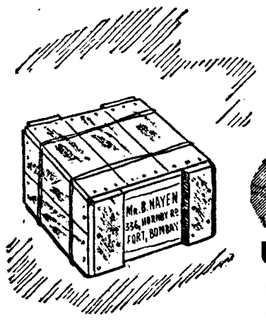

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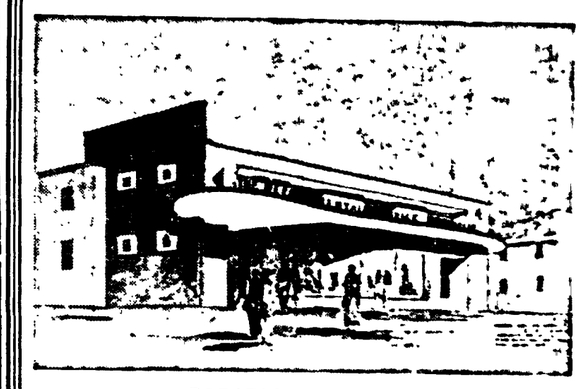

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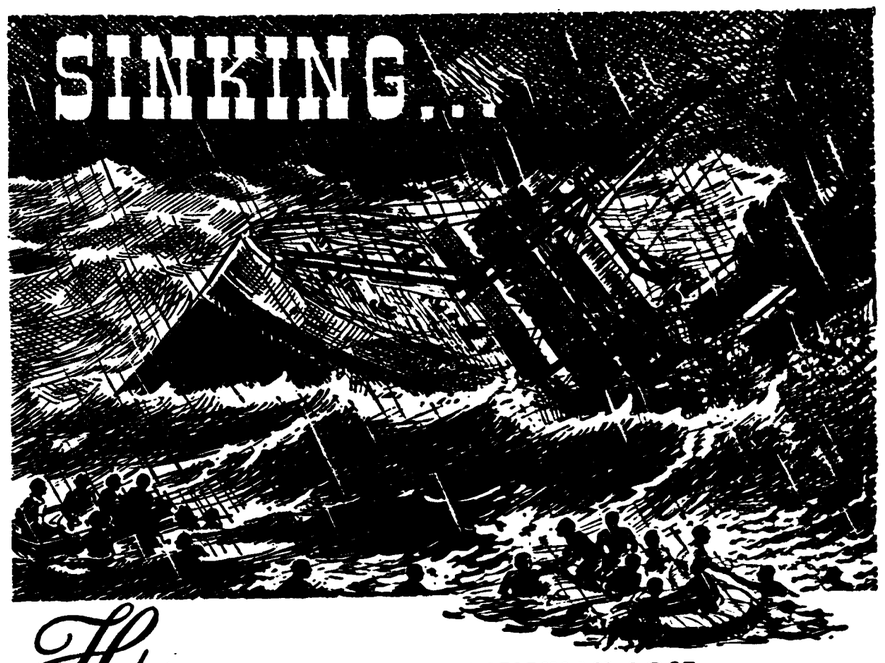

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Alcock And Kohinoor Lead Upward Move On Stock Exchange

GOOD INVESTMENT ENQUIRY FOR BANK SHARES

Bombay, Oct. 14

The Bombay Stock Exchange was fairly steady with a restricted business. There was increased demand as usual for Mill shares and Kohinoors are leading the textile shares as most of the Jobbers in this section are taking increased interest in these shares as well as medium priced other Mill shares. There was only routine business with increased support.

Steel shares were steady with moderate business. Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 3040 and after declining at Rs. 3035 improved at Rs. 3047 and steadied at Rs. 3045. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 544 and steadied at Rs. 545.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 3080 and after declining at Rs. 3070 improved at Rs. 3090. Kohinoors opesed at Rs. 995 and hardened at Rs. 1007.

The market ruled steady and towards the close Tata Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 3042. Ordinary Rs. 544/8, Indian Irons Rs. 54/8 and Bengal Steels at Rs. 46/8. Bombay Dyeings were steady at Rs. 3090 while Kohinoors improved further at Rs. 1012. Simplex were done at Rs. 475 and Gokaks were quoted at Rs. 435.

Andhra shares firmed up at Rs. 2025 and Powers were done at Rs. 2112 Baroda Bank shares were placed at Rs. 200 and Centrals were done at Rs. 136/8. Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 249 while Scindia shares were placed at Rs. 49/15. Closing tone was steady.

A sudden spurt in Alcock Shares and increased buying in Kohinoor Shares imparted steady tone to the Share Bazar today. Swadeshi, Simplex, Nagpur and Gokak Shares also joined the upward move.

COTTON MILLS

Bombay Dyeing 3090 Century 1200 Nagpur 445 Swadeshi 801 New Great 572 Simplex 475 Kohinoor 1012 Colaba 498 Gokak 435 Phlenix 1280 Mysore 360/10 Indian Bleaching 225 Swan 460 Finlay 437 Morarji 900 Indore 861/4.

STEEL

Tata Steel Deferred (129/8/9) X D 3042/8 Tata Steel Ordinary 28 X D 544/8.

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tata Hydro 220/8 Andhra Valley 2025 Tata Power 2112/8 Tram 135/12.

CEMENT

Asso. Merger 249.

INDUSTRIES

Burma 772/8 Alcock 740 Belapur 363 Shivrajpur 54 Steamer (Ord) 790 Scindia 49/14 Premier Construction 329.

CASH SHARES (TEXTILE)

Apollo 5/11 Elphinstone 112 India United (Ord.) 24 India United (Defd.) 5/3/6 India Manufacturing 4900 Koorla 336/4 Khatau 435 Dawn 1620 David 227/8 New City 307/8 Minerva 272/8 Bradbury 590 Bharucha (Defd.) 14/4 Bharat 74 Madhavji 24/8 Model 338/12 Laxmi 1955 Vishnu 780 Western 5000 Standard 710 Sholapur 9000 Sassoon Cotton 35/8 Hindustan 4950 Meyer 376/4 Edward 792/8 Tata 138 Ahmedabad Advance 540 Sassoon Silk 128 New Union 30 Poddar 402/8 Madhusudan 585 Madhusudan B 120 Srinivas 520 Raja Bahadur 150 Berar 500 Victoria 425.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 225 (New) 139/6 Surat (Old.) 258/12 New Pre. 180 Karachi 240, Broach 14, Ajmer 15/8, Amalgamated 20/12, Jalgaon 14/12, Nagpur 58 Poona 260 Bombay Suburban 240 Bombay Suburban (New) 160.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 160 Imperial 2990 P. P. 752/8 Central 136/8 India 256 Union 17/8 Baroda 200 Habib 163/8 A.B.C. 40 Dena Bank 67 United Commercial 121 Jaypore 85/8 Hindustan Cem. 66 National Savings (fully paid) 91 Partly paid 54/8, Mysore 505, Exchange (Ord) X R 74 Eastern 112

INSURANCE

Oriental 7,600, Empire 1310, New India 114 Jupiter 45 Vulcan 20 Indian Mercantile 74 Universal Fire 20 Vasant 26/4 British India General 29/8 Industrial Prudential 61/12 Neptune 13/6, New Great 43, All-India General 49.

RAILWAYS

Ahmedabad Prantij 680, C. P. 107, Pachora 95.

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 280 Burma Petrol 6/3/6 Tata Oil X R 118 Mackenzie 220, Port Canning 110 Kemp 560, Zandu Pharmacy 202 Indian Radio (Ord.) 377/4 Indian Radio B 375, Indian Radio 375, Indian Investment Trust 138 Wimco 542/8 Tata Chemical 25/2 Dharamsey Chemical 49 Mukund Iron 15/6, Dena Trust 26/8 Alembic 397/8 Supreme India 228, (New) 180, Jamwire 140 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 43/8, India Cement 42, Walchand Nagar Industries 451/4 United Motor 66 A. C. C. New 128 Baroda Glass 10/14.

PREFERENCE SHARES

Steel (1st Pref.) 255/10 Tata Steel (2nd Pref.) 186/12 Tram 58 Andhra Valley 1740 Tata Power 1807/8 Hydro 168 Bombay Steamer 352/8 Nagpur 800, Swadeshi 170 Vishnu 810, Laxmi 318/12, New Great 268/12, Poddar 117. Shrinivas 101, Elphinstone 136/14 Bradbury 567/8 Surat Elec. 211/4, Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 153/12, (2nd Pref). 149/8 Amalgamated 156/4, Habib 72, Tata Chemical 145/10 Walchandnagar Industries 250. Jupiter 19/12, Supreme 120. Baroda Glass 11/12.

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron Steel 54/8 Bengal Steel 46/8 Indian Copper 5/8 B.I.C. 17/8 Burma Corporation 7/6 New Victoria 11/2 New Victoria Preference 11/12 Raja Preference 64 Phalton 155 Gold Mohar 450 New Kaiser Hind 580 Sajjan Mill 500 Osmanshahi 447/8 Ajamshahi 465 Air Services 39 Birla 12/14 Marshal 13/8.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

Tata Ordinary 542/8; Tata Deferred 3042/8; Indian Iron 54/8; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 46/8; Bombay Dyeing 3090; Central India 445; Gokak 435; Kohinoor 1012/8; Simplex 475; Andhra Valley 2025; Tata Hydro 220/10; Tata Power 2112/8; Associated Cement 249; Belapur 363/2; Bombay Burma (Old) 772/8.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

MILLS.

Apollo 5/12 5/11
Bharat 73/8 74 74/4 74
B. Dyeing 3090 80 75 70 77/8 90 80 90
Central India 448 51 48 45 44 45 43 47 44 44 46 43 44 46 45
Bradbury (Ord.) 587/8 90
Edward 790 97/8 92/8
Finlay 437 35 36 39 37 36 37
Gokak 435 33 34 38 32 30 32 34 35
India U. (Defr.) 5/5 5/6/6 5/4/6
India U. (Ord.) 23/14 24 23/14 23/12 24
Indore 863/12 97/8 62/8 68/12 65 60 61/4
Khatau 435
Kohinoor 996 1001 999 97 93 97 92 1007 5 9 7 8 9 12
Meyer 370 75 76/4 77/8 75 76/4
Model 336/4 38/12
Morarji 900
New City 307/8
New Great 562 65 57 61 60 59 62 63 72
Phoenix 1200
Podar 395 400 405 400 402/8
Central India (Pref.) 800
Simplex 472 71 70 73 75
Swadeshi 798 93 95 94 91 92 90 89 93 800 1 798 97 801
Swan 460 62 60
Tata 139 38
Vishnu 780

BANKS.

Baroda 201 200
Central 137/8 38 36/8
Habib 163/8
Imperial (Old) 2980 3020 3000 3020 2990
Imperial (New) 750 55 52/8
Reserve 169/4 160
Union 17/4 17/8

ELEC. COS.

Ahmedabad 225
Andhra Valley 2025
Tramway (Ord.) 136 36/8 35/8 36 35/12 35/4 35/12
Tramway (Pref.) 58/4 58
Hydro (Ord) 222 20/8
Hydro (Pref.) 168
Power (Ord.) 2110 15 20 25 27/8 12/8

INSURANCE COS.

New India 113/8 14/8 14
Bombay Steamer 780 85 90
Scindia 50 49/12 49/11 50 49/15

STEEL & IRON.

Bengal Steel 46/12 47 46/10 46/12 46/8
I. Iron 54/4 54/8 54/12 54/8
Tata (Defd.) 3045 47/8 42/8 50 45 52/8 47/8 42/8 47/8 42/8 42/8 32/8 45 43/12 41/4 50 51/4 45 40 42/8
Tata (Ord.) 545 46 45 46 46 45 44/8
Tata (2nd Pref.) 186/8 87 86/8 86/12

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 615 25 35 40 50 55 60 70 75 740 50 40
A. C. C. 250 48 49/8 49 46 49
Belapur 357 60 61 60 61 62 63 64 60 63
B. Burma (Old) 770 77/8 73/12 71/4 76/4 77/8 75 72/8
B. Burma (New) 280 78/12 80
B. B. Petrol 6/2 6/3 6/3/3 6/4 6/3/9
I. Bleaching 222 26 25
Prem. Const. (Ord) 330 29 28 27 28 29
Tata Chemical 25/4 25 25/4 25/2
Tata Oil 118 18/8 18
Western India Match 545 46/4 42/8
Walchandnagar 451/4
Hindusthan Mills 4950
A. C. C. New 127 28
Industrial & Prudential Ins. 61/12

COTTON MARKET CLOSED

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.—The cotton market was not in a mood to do business today. Nominal quotations, January Rs. 442/8, March Rs. 450 and May Rs. 450/12.

SUPPLY SITUATION

The Patel Cotton Co. Ltd. in their weekly report make the following interesting observation:

"The Indian cotton supply and demand position has undergone considerable changes. The consumption in the year 1946-47, owing to strikes, communal trouble and less hours of work looks like going down by about 8 to 9 lac bales below the peak figure reached in 1942-43 when it was about 44 lac bales. The crop prospects on other hand, owing to more than normally favourable weather, point to a yield of 45 lacs bales, provided the weather continues to remain favourable till harvest time. This shows an increase of over 8 to 9 lacs in the prospective supply (estimated at 70 lacs), thus leaving about 35 lacs for export and carry forward on 1st September 1947, assuming mill stocks to remain same; unless the present restrictions are relaxed soon, the trade feels that there will be accumulation of supplies which will ultimately prove detrimental to the interest of trade and farmers.

The demand in the ready market has continued to be slack, staple premia dropping further by about Rs. 10."

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY, Oct. 12.

	High	Low	Close
I C C Jan.	444/8	441/8	444/4
I C C March	453	449	452/4
I C C May	462	458	461/8
Karachi Jan.	47/1/6	46/11/6	47/0/6

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton January Contract is 2117 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

BULLION MARKET CLOSED

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

The Bullion market remained unofficially closed today owing to the arrest of Mr. Goraghandi. Nominal rates were as under:—

Gold Ready	100	4	0
Gold Settlement	92	12	0
Silver Ready	167	6	0
Silver Settlement	159	8	0

HAPUR MARKET REVIEW

Timely Rains For Kharif Crops

HAPUR, Oct. 14.

FOOD GRAINS:— Market has been quiet for some time and there is a tendency for food grain prices going downwards. There is no scarcity feeling and local supplies seem adequate for the coming months. Food production in some of the U. P. districts has been considerably affected as a result of ruthless destruction of canal embarkments by employees of the Irrigation Department who are on strike since Sept. 1. But here in the west U. P. timely rains came to the rescue and sowings of the kharif crop may not be adversely affected. These sowings have already begun under good weather conditions.

Local stocks are unchanged. Present arrivals are confined to small quantities of wheat and maize absorbed locally. Rationing though not compulsory as yet here is being expanded Wheat, atta, gram, bajra and rice are included in the ration.

Current market rates are: wheat 12/8 control 10/4 gram 11/8 control 8/3 rationed 10/- barley 9/- control 7/3 rice fine 32/- coarse 16/- paddy 9/12 peas 10/- maize 9/- bajra 8/3 juwar 6/3. The local stocks are: Wheat 432. gram 4 peas 34 bejhar 43 others 13 khatties.

PULSES:— Market continues quiet with somewhat downward tendency. Current prices are: Arhar 9/8, Urad 11/8 Moong 9/8. Arhar stock is reduced to 5 khatties. There were no exports.

GUR AND SHAKKAR:— The market remained quiet to steady. New crop arrivals have begun, although the quantity is very small. There is considerable anxiety here on the news that the U. P. Government is contemplating to hand over the work of exports of gur outside the province to co-operative societies. This, the traders say will oust them from their normal business, as this province exports huge quantities of gur to other provinces. Old crop gur is nearly all exported. Current market quotations are: Gur old 14/- new 16/- Shakkar old 14/8 new 16/8. The ceiling rates are unchanged. Sugar rationing is being introduced here shortly. The sugar rationing scheme in force in urban areas in this province will be extended to villages shortly.

SEEDS:— The market for the mustardseed is rising higher and higher. Mill are short of supplies and are in most cases buying sarson at above control prices. Sarson is quoted here 18/- per maund. The control rate is 15/8. As a result of black marketing in sarson, there is corresponding black marketing in oil also.

GUWAR FUTURES:— The market remained very steady during the week under review. This was rather unexpected in view of the imminent arrival of large quantities of Argentine maize, but the speculators managed to pull up the market. Maha touched as high as 7/4/6 yesterday whereas at close on Saturday last it stood at 7/2/10. Presently it is quoted at 7/4/3. Ready quoted at 7/10

BARDANA FUTURES:— Bardana futures remained very active and volume of business has increased manyfold since the Argentine Indian trade talks began. The undertone is quiet bulls have calmed down a little. Mangsir is now quoted at 65/12, it was 66/12 on Saturday last. Ready quotations are: Md. 65/8 Dw. 68/-.

BULLION FUTURES:— Bullion futures remained quiet. There were frequent price fluctuations but the range was comparatively small and there was little nervousness also. The bulls as is already reported had been for many weeks past exploiting the smallness of stock position to their advantage coercing short-sellers to cover much against their will. But even they could not for long ignore persistent rumours of fresh deals having been made in London for silver imports to India the desilvering of Britain's coinage, and the recent fall of about a cent in foreign silver prices in the U.S.A. Already the news that about 6 million ozs. of silver would be shipped to India from London by about middle of Oct. had caused a scare there. The bulls' confidence in keeping the market sentiment subservient to their wishes has been apparently shaken, but until good quantities of silver have been actually received. There may not be a bears' raid. Gold was comparatively quieter. Recent imports of gold in Bombay and the probabilities of further imports have given much needed support to the bears. The undertone in both the cases in uncertain. It is not bullish. Latest quotations are: Silver ready 168/14 Mangsir future 162/14 Gold ready 93/12 Mangsir future 93.

HAPUR MARKET.

HAPUR, Oct. 12.

Silver Opened 161/8; Highest 162/6; Lowest 161/7; Later 162/2; Gold Opened 92/10; Highest 93; Lowest 92/10; Later 93. Market improved towards close speculative buying support Guwar Maha 7/4/9; Highest 7/5/10-1/2; Later 7/5/7-1/2 very steady Ready 7/10; Bardana Maha 66/8; Ready Md. 65/8; DW 68; Wheat 12/8; Gram 11/8; Barley 9; Maize 9; Ajra 8/4; Juwar 8/4; Bejhar 9; Rice 32; Coarse 16; Gur New 16; Shakkar 16/12; Sarson 17/12; Arhar 9/7; Urad 11/8; Moong 22.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 14

The produce market was fairly firm on buying by upcountry traders. It was reported Latur market was firm with groundnuts quoted at Rs. 30/8 and local quotations being lower there was increased buying in groundnuts and Linseed.

Groundnuts old Khandesh quality Rs. 22 new crop November/December Rs. 20/4 and December/January Rs. 20/2 Linseed September/November Rs. 23/13 and February/March Rs. 23/4. Castorseeds Bombay Rs. 24. Navlakhi Rs. 24/2. January/February Navlakhi Rs. 23/4 and Goa old crop Rs. 24/6.

Churchill To Write Inside Stories Of War

LONDON, Oct. 14 (Reuter): A columnist writing in the labour "Daily Herald" says that Mr. Winston Churchill has at last decided to write "as only he can" the inside stories of the war.

The columnist adds that he understands that preparations for this task which is expected to take at least two years, have already been started. The book, he says, may run into two or three volumes and will contain many hitherto unpublished historical documents.

STEEL STRIKE IN BENGAL CONTINUES

CALCUTTA, Oct. 14 (API).—The strike of about 14,000 men employed in the Hirapur works of the Indian Iron and Steel Company, the Steel Corporation of Bengal and the Indian Standard Wagon Company, all situated in Burnpur, is now two months old.

It is learnt that the Government of Bengal, Department of Labour Industries and Commerce, on September 28 proposed to the management of the companies concerned and the leaders of the workers' unions that the matter be referred for arbitration to a judge of the high-court of law in the Province, namely, the Calcutta High Court. The Managing Agents have, it is stated, already accepted this proposal, but no reply has yet been received to the letter of the Government of Bengal from the workers' unions.

33 Lakhs Of People Face Food Scarcity In Mysore State

HYDERABAD, (Dn:) Oct. 13, Thirty-three lakhs of people have been affected by food scarcity in the Mysore State, say a note on the findings by the Hyderabad Food Delegation who visited the famine-stricken areas of Kolar, Tumkur, Chitaldrug and other districts in the Mysore State in August last.

"If help is not given to the affected areas during the next three months it will not be possible for them to avert starvation, the Note adds.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 14.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.
B. C. Rates T.T.D.D. 1/5 29/32 up to six month.
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.
London Banks Selling T.T.D.D. 1/5 15/16 up to six month
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th month
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th month
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th month
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th months.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th—9th month
London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th month.
London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying 90 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th—9th month
New York B. C. Rate Rs. 332 1/2.
New York Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/2.
New York Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 329 3/4.
New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 3/4 under L/C.
New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 1/2 not under L/C.
Montreal Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 333.
Montreal Banks Buying T. T. Rs 329 1/4.
Montreal Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 1/4.
Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 3550.
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 3650.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.
Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. ——
Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 34.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157.

CROSS RATE

New York/London dol. 4.03 3/8-4.03 1/2.
London/Hongkong dol. 1/2 13/16-1/8 3/32.
London/Singapore dol. 2/3 15/16-2/4 5/32.
London/Paris Fcs. 479.70-480.30
London/Belgium Fcs 176 1/2-3/4.
London/Switzerland Fcs. 17.34-36
London/Stockholm Kr. 14.47-50.
London/Denmark Kr. 19.32-36.
London/New York dol. 4.02 1/2-4.03 1/2.
London/Montreal dol. 4.02-4.04.
London/Amsterdam Fl. 10.68-70.
London/Java Fl. 10.68-70
London/Bangkok Tcl 40.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold London £8-12-3.
Gold New York dol. 35
Silver London 55 1/2
Silver New York 90 1/8
London Discts. 3 months 17/32 p.c.
London Discts. 6 months 9/16-5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.
Money:—Call 1/4 p.c. 3 months 1/2 p.c 6 months 3/4 p.c. 12 months 1-1/4 p.c.
Tone:—Some demand.

DISPOSALS

DISPOSAL BY PUBLIC AUCTION

The following stores will be sold by public auction at "H", WAREHOUSE, GREEN GATE, VICTORIA DOCKS, CARNAC BUNDER, BOMBAY, as follows:—

Complete Fire Fighting Trailer Pumps of Different varieties—350/500 gallons per minute. Torches, Batteries, Explosimeters, Helmets, Oxygen Cylinders, Tarpaulins, Spray Painting machine, Vulcanizing machine, Shovels, Buckets, Light & Heavy Pick Axes, Bicycles, Canvas Bags, Cans, Air Pumps, Lamps, Suction Tubes, Couplings, Water Containers, Water Heaters, Spring Mattresses etc.

AUCTIONEER
Messrs. Gandhi & Co.,
72, Medows Street,
BOMBAY.

DATE & TIME
28th & 29th October 1946.
at 9-30 a. m.

Further details regarding the above auction may be secured from this office and from the above mentioned auctioneers.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS
(SOUTHERN CIRCLE)
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
Tel: 30041 (5 lines)

DS/130

DESHABANDHU CHITTARAN JAN DAS

Wrote:—
"I desire to place on record my high appreciation of the work of the Sakti Oushadhalaya factory. The business is carried on in an orderly and organised manner. Supervision leaves nothing to be desired. I congratulate the proprietor on the success which the business has already attained."
(Sd.) C. R. DAS
Oct. 24.

ADHYAKSHA MATHUR BABU'S
SAKTI OUSHADHALAYA · DACCA

EXTENSION OF TIME

In view of the recent disturbances in India, dates for submission of entries are now extended. Entries should be sent by October the 15th to the Indian Institute of Art in Industry, Taj Mahal Hotel, Bombay or to the forwarding centres of Burmah-Shell offices at Karachi, Lahore, Delhi, Lucknow, Patna, Secunderabad and Madras. Entries sent direct to the Institute offices at Artistry House, 15, Park Street, Calcutta, will be received upto November the 1st.

Art in Industry
EXHIBITION 1946

Phosferine is a tonic in the truest sense!

"Since taking Phosferine I have been very much better in health. It is most excellent for nerve treatment, indeed it is a tonic in the truest sense of the word. After a few doses I began to get relief (from neuritis), and now I feel wonderful."
(Sgd.) Mrs. E. S.

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Depression
Brain Fag
Influenza
Anæmia
Headache
Neuralgia
Debility
Sleeplessness
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TOOTH BRUSHES
* Whether you prefer Natural Bristles or Prolon Bristles there is only one Pro-phy-lac-tic quality—the very finest. Sold only in the famous yellow box.
*Best quality Nylon
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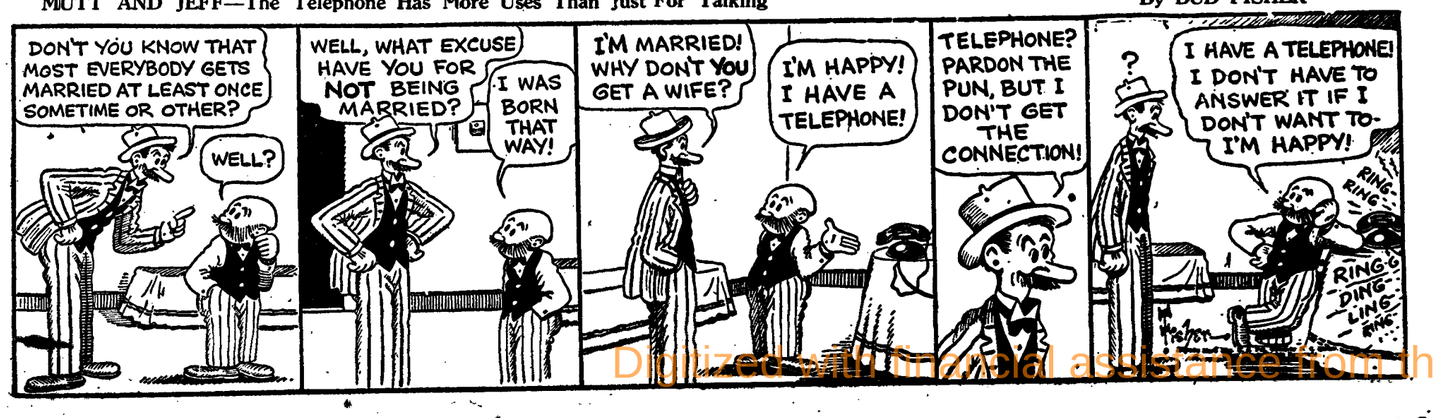
MUTT AND JEFF—The Telephone Has More Uses Than Just For Talking — By BUD FISHER


DON'T YOU KNOW THAT MOST EVERYBODY GETS MARRIED AT LEAST ONCE SOMETIME OR OTHER?
WELL?
WELL, WHAT EXCUSE HAVE YOU FOR NOT BEING MARRIED?
I WAS BORN THAT WAY!
I'M MARRIED! WHY DON'T YOU GET A WIFE?
I'M HAPPY! I HAVE A TELEPHONE!
TELEPHONE? PARDON THE PUN, BUT I DON'T GET THE CONNECTION!
?
I HAVE A TELEPHONE! I DON'T HAVE TO ANSWER IT IF I DON'T WANT TO- I'M HAPPY!
RING-RING
RING-DING-LING-RING

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UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK, LTD.
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Manager: O. S. GHEEWALA
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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

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MATRIMONIAL

Wanted beautiful, cultured girl for Punjab Hindu bachelor of 32, enjoying comfortable income of Rs. 1,000/- per month. Correspond Box No. 3574 "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Matriculate Stenographer. Please apply to Box No. R101 "Bombay Chronicle".

Employments in India and abroad secured most successfully. Apply stating qualifications:—Employment Bureau, Globe Informations Society, Sargodha, N.W.R. (3534)

Wanted a Shorthand Typist for a Solicitors firm. Apply stating terms to Box No. 3611, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted one expert Typist and one Typewriter Mechanic. Apply sharp with application personally to Bombay Typewriting Institution, Opp. General Post Office, Fort, Bombay. (3600)

Wanted an erector with minimum ten years' experience in erection of big steam turbo-alternators of 2000 KW. and above, boilers and auxiliaries for an erection work in Madras and near about place. The post is temporary and likely to last for a year in the first instance and may be continued. Persons who had been in independent charge of erection may apply with full details of works carried out, minimum salary expected and other terms to Box No. 162 "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATION WANTED

Advertiser prepared to assist in releasing old as well as new films having established offices at important centres those anxious may communicate with full particulars to Box No. 3605, "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Dentistry with less expenditure. Apply Shree Digvijaysinhji, Dental Training Institute, Jamnagar. (3486)

Get Degrees and Diplomas, Medical, Engineering, Law, B.A., M.A., Ph.D., etc., from London College and American Universities. Fees nominal. Write for prospectus to the General Educational Agency, Amritsar. (3394)

ACCOMMODATION ADLETS

Book your accommodation in advance. Vegetarians only. No correspondence call on Bulsroyce Syndicate Bulsroyce Colony Military Road, Santa Cruz. (3604)

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Krupp type Expeller Pressing Works manufactured under expert supervision, working capacity over a month. Apply for terms of agency to Post Box 554, Bombay. 144

MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

For Sale—Ford V-8 1937 Model, in excellent working condition. Apply G.P.O. Box No. 342, Bombay or Telephone 22041. (3562)

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Wanted Loan of Rupees 500 to 1000 to Finance incoming shipments from England, expected shortly. Returnable within three months with interest 2% per month. Communicate Box No. 3602, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

APPENDIX

IRANIAN STUDENTSHIPS

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for two post-graduate Studentships offered by the Tehran University, Iran, for Indian students desiring to study Persian Language and Literature. Candidates should not normally be over 25 years of age and should have at least a good M. A. degree in Persian, preferably with some research experience. Knowledge of modern Persian will be an additional qualification. Value of Studentships will cover tuition fees, board and lodging and expenses of journey to and back from Iran. Studentships are tenable for two to three years. Applications should be made on prescribed forms to be had from the Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education (Overseas Division D), New Delhi, and should reach him not later than 15th November, 1946.

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APPENDIX.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for ten Government of India studentships tenable in China for two to three years for postgraduate study in Chinese subjects (Chinese Language and Literature Philosophy, History Painting and Archaeology), Botany, Geology and Sociology. Candidates should be in good health and at least graduates with capacity for research and aptitude for the Chinese language. Women are eligible. Selected candidates will be placed in Chinese Universities and Institutions and will receive a stipend of Rs. 200 per mensem in Chinese currency plus Rs. 50 per mensem for those who have to learn Chinese. Passage to and from China will be provided. Applications should be submitted on prescribed forms obtainable from the Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education (Overseas Division I) New Delhi. Applications must reach at the latest by the 10th November, 1946.

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE MEYER MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Empire House, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay on THURSDAY, the 14th day of November, 1946, at 3-30 p. m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' report and the audited Balance Sheet and Profit & Loss Account for Fifteen Months ended 31st March, 1946.
(2) To elect Directors in place of Messrs. Ram Gopal Gupta, Gulabchand Jain, Ram Prasad Gupta, and Mahavir Prasad R. Morarka, who were appointed Directors under Article 111 of the Company's Articles of Association, and retire under the same Article, but are eligible for re-election.
(3) To consent to the India Cotton Supplies, Ltd., the private Company of which Messrs. Ram Ratan Gupta and Ram Gopal Gupta, the Directors of the Company, are Shareholders and Directors, to act as Purchasing Agents of Cotton for the Company.
(4) To consent to the India Stores, Ltd., the private Company of which Messrs. Ram Gopal Gupta, Gulabchand Jain and Mahavir Prasad R. Morarka, the Directors of the Company, are Shareholders and Directors, to act as Purchasing Agents for the Stores and Spare Parts for the Mills.
(5) To consent to Messrs. Ram Gopal Ram Prasad, a firm of which Messrs. Ram Gopal Gupta and Ram Prasad Gupta, Directors of the Company, are Partners, to act as Selling Agents for Cloth and Yarn manufactured in the Mills.
(6) To appoint Auditors for the year ending 31-3-47 and fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company, will be CLOSED from 2nd November, 1946 to 22nd November, 1946 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
B. R. SONS, LTD.,
Agents.

Bombay, 27th September, 1946.

TO ALL THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY AND IN PARTICULAR TO:—

1. Walter James Johnson, Esqr.,
2. A. J. Raymond, Esqr.,
3. Capt. William Arthur Cable,
4. Rozario Francisco Carvalho, Esqr.,
5. Trimothy Mariano Fernandez, Esqr.,
6. Christopher Allan Ramsay (Decd.)
7. S. Hamson, Esqr.,
8. Joseph Anthony Fernandes, Esqr.,
9. Thomas S. C. Emar DeSouza, Esqr.,
10. Benjamin David Benjamin, Esqr.,
11. Albino Pinto, Esqr.

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AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of the articles stated below to the Ahmedabad Municipality so as to reach the undersigned on or before 29th October, 1946, at 4 P.M. The tenders should be accompanied with earnest money as under without which no tender will be considered.

The copy of the specification, and tender form can be had from the Store Keeper on application, on payment as shown below. The tenderers are at liberty to remain present at the time the tenders are opened.

The Municipality reserves its right to accept any or the lowest tender.

	Tender fee Rs.	Earnest money Rs.
Fire fighting equipments such as tank, pump, ladder to be mounted on Ford chassis	5-0-0	1,000

(Sd.)G. L. SHETH,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.

Store Office
Dt. 7-10-1946.

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NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Certificate for 25 Ordinary Shares Nos. 627626/627650 of Tata Chemicals Ltd., standing in the name of Mr. Sarabhai Hiralal Shah along with one transfer instrument signed in blank has been LOST or MISPLACED and the undersigned has applied to the Company to issue a duplicate Share Certificate for the said shares. Any person who has a claim in respect of the said shares should lodge such a claim with the Company at its Registered Office, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date else the Company will proceed to issue the duplicate certificate.

Dated 14th day of October, 1946.
SARABHAI HIRALAL SHAH.

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THE LALUBHAI SAMALDAS PEOPLE'S CO-OERATIVE BANK, LTD.

THE ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING of the Bank, will be held on MONDAY, the 28th October, at 5 P.M. at its registered office to transact the business of the adjourned meeting.

By order
R. M. TALPADE.
Managing Director.

Bombay 14th Oct. 1946.

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PUBLIC NOTICES

THE MEYER MILLS, LIMITED.

BOMBAY.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Meyer Mills Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at the Empire House, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 14th day of November, 1946, at 4 p.m. (S. T.) or so soon thereafter as the proceedings of the Annual General Meeting of the Company convened at 3-30 p.m. on the same day have been concluded, when the following Resolutions will be proposed as Special Resolutions:—

"(1) (A) That the 40,000 shares in the Company shall in future be called and known as 'Ordinary Shares' and that the Articles of Association be altered accordingly.

(B) That the capital of the Company be increased to Rs. 50,00,000/- by the creation of 10,000 new shares to be called and known as 'Preference Shares' of Rs. 100/- each and that such Preference Shares shall confer on the holders thereof the rights following, that is to say:—

(i) The said Preference Shares shall confer on the holders thereof the right to a fixed cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of six per cent. per annum (free of income-tax) on the capital for the time being paid up thereon and the right in a winding up to payment of capital and arrears of dividend whether earned, declared or not, upto the commencement of the winding up in priority to the Ordinary Shares but shall not confer any further right to participate in the profits or surplus assets;

(ii) The said Preference Shares will rank for dividend on and after the 1st day of January 1947, on the capital for the time being paid up thereon;

(iii) The holders of the said Preference Shares shall have no right to receive notices of or to be present or to vote either in person or by proxy at any general meeting by virtue or in respect of their holdings of Preference Shares.

(2) That the Articles of Association be altered in manner following

(a) The following Article shall be substituted for Article 7:-

CAPITAL

'7. (a) The Capital of the Company is Rs. 50,00,000/- divided into 40,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100/- each and 10,000 six per cent (free of income-tax) Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each.

(b) The said Preference Shares shall confer on the holders thereof the right to a fixed cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of six per cent per annum (free of income-tax) on the capital for the time being paid up thereon and the right in a winding up to payment of capital and arrears of dividend whether earned, declared or not, upto the commencement of the winding up in priority to the Ordinary Shares but shall not confer any further right to participate in the profits or surplus assets. The said Preference Shares will rank for dividend on and after the 1st day of January, 1947, on the amount of capital for the time being paid up thereon.

(c) Subject as aforesaid and to the rights of the holders of any other shares entitled by the terms of issue to preferential payment over the Ordinary Shares, in the event of winding up of the Company the holders of Ordinary Shares shall be entitled to be repaid the amount of capital paid-up or credited as paid-up on such shares and all the surplus assets thereafter shall belong to the holders of Ordinary Shares in proportion to the amount paid up or credited as paid up on such Ordinary Shares respectively at the commencement of the winding up.'

(b) The following Article shall be substituted for Article 96—

NUMBER OF VOTES TO WHICH SHAREHOLDER IS ENTITLED

'96. On a show of hands every member present in person shall have one vote and upon a poll every member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote in respect of every share held by him provided that the holders of Preference Shares shall have no right to receive notices of or to be present or to vote either in person or by proxy at any general meeting by virtue or in respect of their holdings of Preference Shares.'

(c) The following Article shall be substituted for Article 143:—

DIVIDENDS

'143. The profits of the Company, subject to any special rights relating thereto created by these presents, and subject to the provisions of these Articles, shall be divisible among the members in proportion to the amount of capital paid up on the shares held by them respectively.'

(d) Article 148 shall be deleted and the following Articles shall be substituted therefor:-

DIVIDEND IN SPECIE

148. Any general meeting declaring a dividend may resolve that such dividend be paid wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid-up shares, debentures or debenture stock of the Company, or paid-up shares, debentures or debenture stock of any other company, or in any one or more of such ways.

CAPITALISATION OF RESERVES

148A. Any general meeting may resolve that any moneys, investments, or other assets forming part of the undivided profits of the Company standing to the credit of the reserve fund, or any capital redemption reserve fund, or in the hands of the Company and available for dividend or representing premium received on the issue of shares and standing to the credit of the share premium account be capitalised and distributed amongst such of the shareholders as would be entitled to receive the same if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions on the footing that they become entitled thereto as capital and that all or any part of such capitalised fund be applied on behalf of such shareholders in paying up in full either at par or at such premium as the resolution may provide, any unissued shares or debentures or debenture stock of the Company which shall be distributed accordingly or in or towards payment of the uncalled liability on any issued shares or debentures or debenture stock, and that such distribution or payment shall be accepted by such shareholders in full satisfaction of their interest in the said capitalised sum.

148B. A general meeting may resolve that any surplus moneys arising from realisation of any capital assets of the Company, or any investments representing the same, or any other undistributed profits of the Company not subject to charge for income-tax, be distributed among the members on the footing that they receive the same as capital.

148C. If the Company shall have redeemed any redeemable Preference Shares, all or any part of any capital redemption fund arising from the redemption of such shares may by resolution of the Company be applied in paying up in full or in part any new shares, or any shares then remaining unissued, to be issued to such members of the Company or other persons as the Directors may resolve upto an amount equal to the nominal amount of the shares so issued.

FRACTIONAL CERTIFICATES.

148D. For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution under the four last preceding articles the Directors may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to the distribution as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, and may fix the value for distribution of any specific assets, and may determine that cash payment shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed or that fractions of less value than Re. 1/- may be disregarded in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such cash or specific assets in trustees upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend or capitalised fund as may seem expedient to the Directors. Where requisite, a proper contract shall be delivered to the Registrar for registration in accordance with Section 104 of the Companies Act, and the Directors may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend or capitalised fund, and such appointment shall be effective.

3. That it is desirable to capitalise a sum of Rs. 10,00,000/- being the aggregate of the sum of Rs. 7,50,000/- standing to the credit of the Premium on Shares Account and the sum of Rs. 2,50,000/- standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund Account, and accordingly that a Special Capital Bonus of Rs. 10,00,000/-, free of income-tax, be declared, and that such Bonus be applied on behalf of the persons who on the 22nd day of November 1946 were holders of the 40,000 Ordinary Shares of the Company in payment in full for 10,000 Preference Shares of the Company of Rs. 100/- each and that such 10,000 Preference Shares credited as fully paid-up be accordingly allotted to such person respectively in the proportion of one such Preference Share for every four of the said 40,000 Ordinary Shares then held by such persons respectively and that the Preference Shares so distributed shall be treated for all purposes as an increase of the nominal amount of the capital of the Company held by each such shareholder and not as income."

Bombay, Dated this 14th day of October, 1946.

By Order of the Board,
B. R. SONS LTD.
Agents.

TO ALL THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY AND IN PARTICULAR TO:

1. Walter James Johnson, Esqr.,
2. A. J. Raymond, Esqr.
3. Capt. William Arthur Cable.
4. Rozario Francisco Carvalho, Esqr.
5. Trimothy Mariano Fernandes, Esqr.,
6. Christopher Allan Ramsey (Decd.)
7. S. Hamson, Esqr.
8. Joseph Anthony Fernandes, Esqr.
9. Thomas S. C. Emar De'Souza, Esqr.
10. Benjamin David Benjamin, Esqr.
11. Albino Pinto, Esqr.

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NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. JAL ARDESIR MASTER and KAIKHUSROO ARDESIR MASTER have agreed to sell my clients the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever, are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office No. 2040 S. Jan Mohamed Street, Camp, Poona, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim, and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

Description of the property above referred to: All that piece or parcel of land together with the bungalow, cottages, buildings and outhouses situate at Queens Gardens in the Cantonment of Poona and bearing No. 16 Queens Gardens in the Registrations of Bungalows of Poona Cantonment Authority, bounded on the East and the West by a public road, on the North by open Government Ground and on the South by bungalow No. 15 Queens Gardens.

Dated the 8th day of October 1946.

J. D. GHASWALA, B.A., LL.B.,
Pleader.

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BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY TENDERS

TENDERS for the supply of following materials during the year 1947-48 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, NOT LATER THAN 1 P.M. (B.T.) ON FRIDAY, THE 1ST NOVEMBER, 1946.

(1) Ammonia, Calcium Chloride Oxygen and Acetylene Gases and Calcium Carbide; (2) Baskets, Bamboo of sorts; (3) Baskets, Cane and Cane; (4) Belting Canvas Rubber and Patent; (5) Electric Accessories; (6) Electric Cables and Wires; (7) Electric Fans, Ceiling and Table; (8) Electric Lamps; (9) Electrodes; (10) Torches and Bulbs; (11) Grease etc.; (12) Hose I. R. Lined; (13) Leather Hide; (14) Polish, Metal and Boot; (15) Oil, Furnace, Diesel, H. S. and Light; (16) Oil, Kerosene; (17) Oil Castor, Cocoanut and Gingelly; (18) Oil Compressor, Cylinder, Engine, CY-2, etc.; (19) Lubricants for H. E.'s Department; (20) Oil, Linseed and Turpentine; (21) Packing Asbestos; (22) Pitch; (23) Rubber India sheets and washers, and (24) Soap and Soda.

Tenders and agreement forms will be issued by the Controller of Stores, Bombay Municipality, 566, DeLisle Road, Bombay No. 11. on payment of the prescribed charges, who will furnish any other information. Tender forms will not be sent by the V.P.P.

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NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for Apprentice Engineers in All-India Radio for training as Technical Assistants. 30 Apprentice Engineers will be recruited and preference will be given to minority community candidates. The minimum qualifications required are a B.Sc. degree in Electrical Engineering or an M.Sc. degree in Physics. The training will be given in Delhi and will be for a period of six months during which the Apprentice Engineer will receive a fixed stipend of Rs. 100 per mensem (without any allowances). On the satisfactory completion of the training course the trainees will be required to appear before a Selection Board for recruitment of Technical Assistants and the successful candidates will be offered the posts of Technical Assistants on a scale of Rs. 175-10-235-15/2-250.

Candidates selected for training will be required to sign a bond that they will undergo the full training and in the event of their selection as Technical Assistants will serve in All-India Radio for a period of at least two years. Applications giving full qualifications of the applicant, particulars of his academic career with two copies of testimonials, should be addressed to the Director of Administration, All-India Radio, Broadcasting House, Parliament Street, New Delhi, so as to reach him by the 1st November, 1946.

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE RELIEF SERVICES LTD.

NOTICE.

WITH EFFECT from 1-10-1946 the following changes in the operation of Relief Bus Services will be made:—

(1) BOMBAY-POONA ROUTE CHANGE IN TIMINGS

POONA-BOMBAY DIRECTION. Poona dep. H. M.	Byculla arr. H. M.	BOMBAY-POONA DIRECTION. Byculla dep. H. M.	Poona arr. H. M.
8-30	13-00	8-30	13-00
13-00	18-00	12-00	17-00
*16-30	*21-00	16-30	21-00
*22-00	* 5-00	*22-00	* 5-00
24-00	6-00	*24-00	*6-00

*NOTE.—These buses will not run till the Curfew Order in Bombay is in force.

(2) POONA-BARAMATI ROUTE — ADDITION TO THE EXISTING SERVICE.

Poona dep. H. M.	Baramati arr. H. M.	Baramati dep. H. M.	Poona arr. H. M.
11-00	14-30	11-00	14-30

(3) NIRA-BARAMATI ROUTE—NEW SERVICE

Nira dep. H. M.	Baramati arr. H. M.	Baramati dep. H. M.	Nira arr. H. M.
8-00	9-30	11-30	13-00
14-30	16-00	19-00	20-30

—G. I. P.—

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MORVI RAILWAY

Superintendent of Stores' Office,
Morvi, 22nd September, 1946.

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of Consumable Stores and Stationery for the Calender Year 1947 are invited and will be received by the undersigned upto 5-30 p.m. of 31-10-1946.

Tender forms along with schedules can be had on payment of Rs. 3 for consumable stores and Re. 1 for Stationary articles.

Earnest money of Rs. 200 for Consumable stores Tender and Rs. 100 for Stationary Tender should be remitted to the Auditor and Accountant, Morvi Railway, Morvi, and his receipt should be enclosed with the tender without which no tender will be considered.

Tenders must be superscribed "Tender for consumable Stores" and "Tender for Stationary" as the case may be.

Quotations of the tenderers should be open upto 31st December, 1946, on or before which date successful tenderers will be intimated.

(Sd.) SHRIDHAR KRISHNA APTE,
Superintendent of Stores,
Morvi Railway.

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NOTICE.

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalization as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalization may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: FRITZ SIEGFRIED LEVI
Present Nationality:
STATELESS, FORMERLY GERMAN.
Full Address:
PREM COURT, Dinshaw Vacha Road, Churchgate Reclamation, Bombay.

(56)

NOTICE.

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalisation as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India Any person who has any objection to such naturalization may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: ERNST ALEXANDER LOMNITZ.
Present Nationality: STATELESS Formerly German.
Full Address: "BELMONT", Nepean Sea Road, Bombay.

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NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalisation as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914. and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalisation may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi

Name: ALFRED E. WEIL.
Present Nationality: STATELESS, formerly German.
Full Address: CHATEAU MARINE, Marine Drive, Bombay.

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NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY FINALLY GIVEN TO KHANDUBHAI GOPALJI & MISS RENI PEGADO to take away their respective Sewing Machines Le. Zigzag No. 1806838 (Imperial), PF'AFF No. 3 457650, and Singer No. Y 9631422, from us on payment of our respective loans towards them, on or before 22nd October, 1946, failure to this would result in the disposal of the same at their own risk and responsibility and we would not be liable to any of their claim afterwards. Ramchand Metharam and Co., New Silk Bazaar, Bombay 2.

(3603)

TENDER NOTICE.

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G. I. P. Railway, Loco Offices Building, Parel, invites tenders upto 3 p.m. on 1-11-1946, for supplying and stacking on Railway ground stone ballast and chippings at Sion Goods Shed (Non-Railway Quarry) and Kalyan near 'A' Cabin (Railway Quarry). The tender form, schedule and conditions of contract for these depots can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2 per set. This sum will not be refunded.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF FOOD
(DIV. III)

Office of the Chief Director of Purchase, Jamnagar House, Mansingh Road, New Delhi

DISPOSAL OF AMERICAN SURPLUSES.
COOKIES (Biscuits)

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase, Food Department (Div. III) Jamnagar House, Mansingh Road, New Delhi is prepared to negotiate sale of "COOKIES" (i.e. Biscuit ex American Surpluses) at prices belowed those previously notified. The Cookies are said to be edible but of very short life. Intending purchasers are invited to submit offers on the basis of Food Department's Standard Conditions of Sale to the Chief Director of Purchase or the Officer on Special Duty, Food Disposals, 8, Esplanade East, Calcutta, who can also show Samples. Offers will be considered strictly on priority of receipt on and after 11 A. M. on Friday 18th October, 1946 and contracts of sale will be concluded subject to availability.

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NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalisation as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalization may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: HANS WOLFGANG JOHN FRIEDMANN.
Present Nationality: GERMAN.
Full Address: REWA HOUSE, Warden Road, Bombay.

(51)

INSTITUTE OF AGRICULTURE, ANAND.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts in the Bansilal Amritlal College of Agriculture to be started from May, 1947:

(1) Professor of Agronomy (Agriculture).
(2) Professor of Animal Husbandry and Dairying.
(3) Professor of Entomology.
(4) Professor of Physics, Mathematics and Statistics.

in the grade of Rs. 170-10-250. E. B.-15-400. E.B. 20-500. Initial higher pay will be considered according to qualifications and experience. Applications should reach the undersigned before 15th November, 1946.

M. D. PATEL,
Director & Secretary,
Institute of Agriculture, Anand.

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NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalization as a British Subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914. and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalisation may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi

Name: DR. PAUL JACOB PANKE.
Present Nationality: STATELESS (formerly German).
Full Address: 14, WODEHOUSE ROAD, Bombay

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